

The Standard

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MARRIAGE OF THE COUNT DE PARIS

His Royal Highness Ferdinand Louis Philippe, Count de Paris, elder son of the late Duke of Orleans...

Horror of War; the Wounded and the Dying

A correspondent of the New York Tribune gives a lurid picture of the horrors of war...

MARRIAGE IN HIGH LIFE

The marriage of Lady Constantia Villiers with the Hon. Frederick Stanley has just been solemnized...

THE CONCILIATION PROPOSED BY ENGLAND AT THE CONFERENCE

The Frankfurt papers have just published the following as the exact text of the project of conciliation...

DEATH OF THE DUKE OF MALAKOFF

A telegram from Algiers brings the news that the illness of the Duke of Malakoff has terminated in death...

THE WAR ORRIS

In the whole course of Lord Palmerston's speeches he has not once mentioned the name of the Opposition...

DEATH IN THE BRIDAL CHAMBER

The Charlotte Mercury has the following heart-rending account of the death of a young bride...

THE KING OF DENMARK AND THE CONFERENCE

The following is the declaration which was made by the plenipotentiaries of Denmark at the sitting of the Conference on the 2nd instant...

THE WAR IN NEW ZEALAND

A short time ago an address was presented to the Governor of New Zealand, which was signed by several peace and members of Parliament...

THE EXECUTION OF LA POMMERALS

La Pommerals was guillotined at six o'clock on Thursday morning. He only received notice of his fate half an hour before the execution...

THE MORNING STAR

Following all the circumstances of the case we feel bound to say that the execution of the man was decidedly clear and impartial...

THE STANDARD

The Standard is a paper of a very high character. It has been maintained through the most dangerous times...

THE WAR IN AMERICA

Details of the late battle in Virginia. The New York Herald's correspondent, writing from Virginia, gives us a graphic account of the battle which took place on the 11th...

SPIRIT RAPPING: SHOWING UP A MEDIUM

The Glasgow Herald tells the following interesting and amusing story in connection with a certain spirit rapping which took place in Glasgow...

THE HOUSE OF LORDS AND THE NEW ZEALAND WAR

There has been an instructive little debate on New Zealand going on in the House of Lords. The peers, sitting in the House of Lords, have been discussing the New Zealand war...

WIDOW'S BEWARE

Charles Theodore, a Frenchman, aged twenty-five, described as a clerk, and well educated, was charged at the Middlesex sessions with stealing a gold chain...

A Singular Fish

A singular fish—Amongst other things, the Standard is a paper of a very high character. It has been maintained through the most dangerous times...

A Fearful Struggle

The special correspondent of the Telegraph, writing from the scene of conflict, says he has been the witness of a battle which is not likely to become a victory for the army of the country...

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD 630 PER MONTH. ADVERTISEMENTS. Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil fatali aequum nil veri non aequum dicere." - Cicero. SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1864.



NINTH OF JULY.

To-day is the 48th anniversary of the declaration of Argentine Independence by the Senators of La Plata, in the cabildo of San Miguel de Tucuman. A few years ago the celebration was only a matter of form, there being little reason for rejoicing. But now that the country has entered on an era of peace and progress, we all join heartily in the national thanksgiving, and entertain solid hopes for the welfare of the republic.

We have therefore motive to rejoice, in an anniversary, which celebrates the allied progress of Argentine nationality and English enterprise; and we can afford to laugh to scorn the unworthy aspersions of an Anglo-Argentine scribbler who asserts that we can have no patriotic feeling or real regard for the country of our adoption.

We are not a demonstrative race, and pay little heed to fire works or gala celebrations, but our wishes are not less fervent for the prosperity of the State. Here our interests are permanently fixed, the ties of family and business are interwoven with those of the country, which we labor strenuously to push forward, and leave its future greatness as a worthy inheritance to our children.

MINISTER THORNTON

In the long list of English diplomats who have visited the River Plate, there is no name which stands so deservedly high as that of Edward Thornton.

A rapid glance over the history of this country since its Independence, cannot fail to convince us all that the former representatives of Great Britain and Ireland were generally gentlemen the least qualified for such a position.

To avoid invidious personalities, we will refrain from naming the various British Ministers who by their want of dignity of conduct, or pretentiousness, secured the odium of their fellow-countrymen and the contempt of Argentinians. The meddling of our representatives in matters which in no way concerned England

or her subjects, and their proud indifference respecting just grievances, gained for them a most unenviable reputation, and actually made the name of British Minister or British Admiral a bye-word of derision amongst us all. Happily however, the gentleman in question is of a different school from his antecedents, and it is our pleasing duty to call public attention to the strenuous exertions of Mr. Thornton, not only on behalf of his fellow-countrymen here and in the Banda Oriental, but also his noble efforts to terminate a revolution which was desolating the adjoining Republic, and which he clearly perceived would, if allowed to continue, cause the most serious political complications in the River Plate.

When a man who occupies such a high position as that of British Minister forakes his home, and endures the toil and hardship of a long and tedious journey, through a wild and desolate country, animated purely by a holy desire to terminate civil strife and restore peace amongst brothers. When the icy spirit of red-tapism has been courageously abolished in our legation, and its doors are thrown open to the humblest British resident amongst us, we feel indeed that at last we have got the right man in the right place, and that the former imaginary protection of a British Minister is now a reality.

Discreet, yet not timid; dignified, yet affable, Mr. Thornton unites all the characters essential in the representative of a great and powerful nation. His interference in the present Oriental question is a master-stroke of diplomacy. He saw the Flores' rebellion persisted in, without any object being gained on either side, save the destruction of foreign property. He beheld the Oriental Government wasting its revenues, and pledging its properties, to subjugate a foe impossible to encounter. He witnessed the undisguised alarm of the Argentine Government at the threats of Brazil. All things were favourable: he demanded an intervention. It was readily granted, and it is rather a consoling reflection, that however impotent English influence may have been formerly in these countries, it is now, at last, thanks to the sagacity of our Minister, supreme.

Mr. Thornton's diplomatic career in the River Plate has justly endeared him not only to his own countrymen but to Argentinians, and his felicitous intervention in the Oriental question has given him new claims upon Orientals. In bearing testimony thus to the real merits of our British Minister, we comply with a most pleasing duty, and we congratulate Lord John Russell on having sent us a gentleman so every way qualified to represent his Government and guard British interests.

THE CHILIAN PROPHET AND THE FRENCH DELEGATE

Sor Bilbao and M. Lelong have come to logger-heads about the extravaganzas of the Colon meeting, and the latter in his 22nd Letter on Emigration, calls the former to account for desiring to close the ports of this republic to France and Spain. Although there is little about emigration in the said letter, there is a fund of practical good sense. M. Lelong confines himself to the terra firma of facts, reminding his enthusiastic young friend that it is Buenos Ayres, not Paris, which would suffer by the insane proceeding; and that France has always maintained a magnanimous policy abroad, whether in Montevideo, Syria or Mexico: he shows the infatuation of republicans in supposing their form of Government to be the perfection of liberty, quoting the words of M. Giscard. "Forty years of experience should have taught us to prefer real Liberty to any special form of Government, and that we must value Governments not by the name they bear, but according to the liberty they give."

Never was anything truer; for men are too often misled by names; and it is absurd to compare the liberty enjoyed in a S. American republic, with that of England. Shakespeare says "a rose by any other name will smell as sweet," and if security for life and property are a boon, it matters little whether the Government be republican or imperial, we must prefer the rule of order. So fallacious are names, that Great Britain is the happiest country in the world, with her Constitution, and Ireland the most wretched with the same. "Non omnia omnia sunt in plain English "what's one man's meat is another man's poison." A republic may therefore be good in one country, a monarchy in another, but history has unfortunately branded republicans as generally Utopians or political quacks.

Sor Bilbao has not attempted to meet his opponent in any one point, but

keeps hovering about in space, making the combat look very like the caricature of Mr. Wells in his balloon fighting the Indians with an aerial Armstrong battery. But the assumed superiority of Sor Bilbao's arguments is only the effect of gaseous inflation, sentiments which cleave the sky with their lofty sound, but have no more foundation than the balloon, and are wafted about without rudder or compass; for Sor Bilbao skipped logic when he began to study philosophy, and in this manner his system of theories without syllogisms is like "the play of Hamlet with the part of Hamlet left out," or the French phrase which he so much condemns "a system of tyranny without a tyrant." Sor Bilbao has undertaken to prove nothing and (positively speaking) he has proved still less.

In justification of his measure to close our ports against France, he spins out a long yarn about the decay of intellect in Frenchmen. Novelities are charming, and the most daring assertions sometimes are easier to propagate than to prove; but it is something so very startling to hear our Chilean friend declare, *ex cathedra*, that 40 millions of the most polite and progressive nation on earth are tending steadily to imbecility, that we are now prepared for any flights of M. Bilbao's genius, even should he say we are descended from the Gorrillas, or subject to metempsychosis. We cannot, however, promise to pay much attention to his dogmas, or decide whether he be really a great philosopher or a charlatan. People who are anxious to make themselves a name in the newspapers must say or do something extraordinary: Diogenes would have died unknown had he not lived in a tub.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

There is no country in the world where sand is so effectually thrown in the public eyes as in Buenos Ayres: to look at the newspapers one would suppose that not even a dollar's worth of paper cigars is purchased that is not duly published. Here we have on Thursday evening the whole journal cash and even petty cash accounts of the Western Railway printed in the 'Nacional,' and yet we defy any man to make out the real state of the company, to arrive at any more important fact than that the total cash on hand does not amount to a thousand silver dollars. Only a few days ago we read in the 'Nacion Argentina' a long list of public salaries to be paid, just as if people cared to occupy themselves with such insipid details. If the native newspapers are so large that they cannot fill up the front page without resorting to such unreadable matter, then why not make them smaller; the native papers are altogether too large for the reading population of Buenos Ayres.

Another Irish sheep farmer has purchased an estancia in Santa Fe—one square league, near the Carcaraña. We are not sure of the price, but believe it is only \$80,000 m/c.

Yesterday morning town was rife with all sorts of rumors respecting the Oriental question, some believed that peace was made, and that President Aguirre and Flores would now be walking arm and arm through Montevideo, whilst others asserted that it was all up with the peace makers, as Lucas Moreno had received positive orders to cut up Flores without one moment's delay. Meanwhile the Triton hove in sight, with Mr. Thornton on board—we immediately dispatched our reporter to the top of the mole to see what was the news, but as yet our Tipperary stenographer has not returned.

The new President of the Bank is Mr. James Llavallol. We should like to know how many shares of the Argentine Central Railway Company this Argentine capitalist has taken. It surely cannot be possible that the President of the great Buenos Ayres Bank would allow his name to figure in the share book for less than 500 shares. We hope Mr. Cavengo will inform us at once how many shares Mr. L. has subscribed for.

The "Caja de Credito" it seems after all is a sort of wholesale pawn office. Money is advanced on everything from an umbrella to a cargo of sugar. If well managed it must pay well. Our readers cannot forget how the Policea pounced upon Mr. King, whose office was "facing the pyramid," merely because he advanced on pledges, and yet now a grand company is being established for precisely the same business for which Mr. King was so heavily fined.

The news from the Interior by the last mails is not so very important. From San Luis, we hear that the Cacique of the Ranqueles has been to the capital, and made a formal peace with the Government. How long it will last is another question. In Sarandavia quitted the locality and most Juan there have been good things

the political world, but touching the mines we hear nothing. Don Domingo Oro has been made Prime Minister. We expect that when the news of the meeting held the other day in the Bolsa, by the shareholders of the San Juan Mining Company reaches San Juan, there will be an explosion. The long-talked of remittances from San Juan have not yet arrived, although, if we are to believe report there is a deal of silver in San Juan.

The news from Corrientes is of a peaceable character, yet we read in the 'Reforma Pacifica' of Montevideo, that our colleague has received information of a formal revolution. We are rather inclined to think that such cannot be the case, as only last Saturday Captain Hunter, of the Esmeralda, was in our office, and stated that everything was going on well there: besides, the manager of the Maua Bank in Corrientes arrived here last Saturday, and left again for Corrientes on Sunday morning; he also knew nothing whatever about this revolution. Our Montevidean colleague must be misinformed.

In Rosario, the election of a Deputy is the absorbing topic: every one is canvassing, Mr. Puyredon having resigned. On the 3d of July the sympathetic meeting took place. Messrs. Carrasco, Salva, Nicolovich, and Puyredon read beautiful speeches. The meeting was a dead failure, and one gentleman made a bitter speech, pitching into the Argentinians of his neighbourhood for their great want of public spirit. The hotels are full of strangers, who are buying up land wherever they can get it. The Rosario escribanos never were so busy before, they are making a rapid fortune. No news of any description from Peru. The snows on the Cordillera are represented to be terrific. People are extremely anxious to hear about Callao, but unless we can get up a band of volunteers to clear away the snow and ice from the 'Uspallata,' there is no probability of our hearing from the Pacific for some months. In Mendoza, we regret to say, that the small-pox is making the most frightful ravages; the mortality is not so great, but the marks are terrible. In Tucuman, Governor Pesse keeps everything most remarkably quiet, and tobacco planting is all the rage. From Rioja and Salta we have no mails, but it is said that the revolution is all over, and everything goes on smoothly again in Salta.

People who still preserve an interest in cotton planting will learn with pleasure that a planter from the State of Georgia, in the United States, is about to proceed to Mendoza, to establish a regular cotton plantation, on the American system. As the gentleman in question thoroughly understands his business, and has more than twenty years experience as a cotton planter, we look forward to the happiest results.

The Olden beef question threatens to become the topic of the day. M. Biraben most flatly denies what M. O'Brien most solemnly asserts. It is a rather happy circumstance that the River Plate divides them, or we should not answer for the consequences. Several friends have called to assure us that Olden's system is decidedly the best. Never having tasted either the Olden or Biraben beef, we can offer no opinion on the matter, but we call attention to the circular of Messrs. Gordon & Co., on this tough question, which we publish in another column.

The 'Tribuna' states that the Palermo house is in the hands of the carpenters and being fitted up for a school of arts. We have reason to suppose that our colleague is mistaken, as some of the conditions imposed by the Municipality of Belgrano have not been complied with, and the Government of Buenos Ayres, we understand, has been consulted about the Jardin de Recocho about to be established there, and approves of the plan. We certainly think that Palermo is better suited for a pleasure garden or park than a rather questionable enterprise in the shape of a school of arts.

Our colleague, the 'Nacion Argentina,' will soon move into the new quarters, next door to the Club. It is rumored that on the inauguration of the new printing office there will be what is called a house warming.

There will be a grand Te Deum in the Cathedral this morning, at which the President, Governor, and Ministers will attend, at the conclusion of which there will be a religious procession round the Plaza.

BREEDING SHEEP.

In my last letter I promised to return to the subject of breeding, selection, and the adaptation of breeds of stock to this country. With this promise I now comply.

The principle of selection well directed has ever been that which has ensured success in breeding stock. None has ever succeeded without it. The selection of stock or the variety of stock best suited to the locality, the selection of the individual members of the stock from which to form the breeding herd or flock, so as to insure uniform qualities.

The selection from among the animals in stock of those best calculated to maintain and improve in their progeny the type of animal chosen as that which is best adapted to the locality and most likely to result in a maximum of

profit. The selection of males of higher blood and superior type for the purpose of crossing with the existing breed, so as to raise its standard and bring out in greater force the qualities desired, are all equally important points requiring the best attention of the breeder.

It is requisite that the breeder should clearly define his object, and perseveringly strive to attain it, never deviating from those principles which breeders and physiologists have demonstrated to be those essential to success and conformable to the natural law.

Let the breeder determine if he breeds cattle, whether he seeks milk, beef or hide, then 'select' accordingly, and endeavour to attain as near as possible perfection in his 'specialty,' with the least prejudice to the other qualities; and if sheep, whether his locality offers greater facilities for profitable production of sheep or wool, and if the latter, the quality that will return him the best interest for his capital.

As sheep breeding constitutes the chief occupation of our countrymen in the country, I will proceed in the first instance to treat of this branch. On land of good quality producing rich herbage, it has been demonstrated that larger carcassed animals of the best blood are the most profitable, especially care being taken that the land is not overstocked, that there be ample room for the extension of the flocks without risk of its being exposed to any deficiency of feed. On such land this description of sheep will fully maintain its high standard, due attention being paid to the guiding principles, the wool will be abundant and of good sound staple in its class, and improvement can with certainty be attained in any direction sought by a judicious choice of rams of vigor, size and quality.

On poor lands smaller sheep will be more advantageous, and the danger of overstocking is much greater than on the better camps.

On such lands a stock of large vigorous animals would inevitably degenerate, whereas a smaller animal having smaller requirement of food can obtain it on less space of ground than the larger sheep could obtain its requisite quantum. These smaller sheep will not however be exempt from a tendency to degenerate or deteriorate in all its better qualities, on poor lands, but whereas the deterioration of the larger and higher bred sheep is inevitable on such lands, the smaller and less highly bred sheep can be kept up to their standard and considerably improved by the introduction of vigorous rams of a class a few degrees superior and of larger frame than the existing stock.

The class of sheep having been determined on as suitable to the locality, the breeder should proceed to select the individuals. Uniformity of sire, weight of fleece, quality of wool, and conformation of the ewe should be zealously sought, for if this uniformity is not fairly attained very unequal and more or less unsatisfactory results will accrue. In like manner if old ewes or those that are too young are bred from, unequal and unsatisfactory results will be the consequence. Moreover it is important to preserve this uniformity; inferior progeny, whether as to size or quality of wool or weight of fleece, should be weeded out and got rid of, or at least separated from the flock from which the breeder purposes ultimately to stock his whole land.

"Like begets like," is an established fact, though it is in the last degree important that the rams should be of a superior quality and of superior vigor. To this end rams should be sought for and purchased, from those breeders of rams who pay the greatest attention to business, who can guarantee the degree of blood in the rams they sell, whether first, second, third, fourth, or still more advanced cross of the superior imported breeds, and who separate the ram lambs at a proper age (four months) from the ewe, and feed them apart on the best of fodder, so as to ensure their fullest development from their infancy (lambhood) upwards, as such rams can alone be thoroughly "vigorous" and capable of imparting, with all its attendant abundance of fleece, sound staple, size and constitution, to its progeny. Further, it is essential that the rams should have attained a sufficient age, more or less, two years, before they are put with the ewes, and that they should be in first rate condition, for "like begets like," whether it be vigor or feebleness, heavy and sound, or light and unsound fleece.

I now approach the difficult part of my subject, viz., the crosses most likely to prove advantageous and lead to the ends proposed by the breeder. I should have approached the subject with much greater diffidence had I not for a considerable period studied it and taken into consideration the condition, the general state of the flocks, their yield of wool, its quality, texture, and value.

The graft on the indigenous or native sheep was the Merino, which for more than a quarter of a century has been refining the breeds of the country, until in numerous instances the fineness of wool has become more or less equal to the Spanish Merino wools, with which it was hoped that it might compete. There are, however, many causes operating to its disadvantage and shutting the wools of this country out of anything like a close competition

with the mother country (Spanish) wools and those of Saxony, among which I may name as the chief the unequal maintenance of the sheep and the "caratilla" burr, etc., etc. The extreme fineness of the wools of Buenos Ayres have attained, and the unsoundness of the sheep frequently met with, cause it to be prejudiced in an excessive degree by the prickly armed seeds and impurities. The prices, therefore, which can be obtained for our wools have an insufficient relation to the weight yielded, so that a crying necessity has arisen for augmenting the weight of the fleece, "lengthening and strengthening the staple" of the wools, so that, while yielding greater abundance, they may the better bear the operation of cleansing from impurities.

There is a cause operating to produce the extreme fineness, and tenderness, which is found in our wools—a cause which is tolling sadly to the disadvantage of wool growers—and that is, the overstocking of the lands, already pointed out as the fruitful source of loss in many ways, and I must repeat, before proceeding with some suggestions, that as long as this greater fault is practised, there will be much labor in vain, in the attempts at improvement.

There are two eminently suitable crosses for our sheep now well known in the country, consisting of two allied but at the same time distant breeds of imported sheep, viz., the Negrette and Rambouillet. The only difficulty is to make a judicious choice and follow a correct system. A breeder must thoroughly understand the condition of his flocks and their requirements, and he must also know what positive results will accrue, to make this judicious choice. One and the other will doubtless improve his flocks, but which will give him the results most desirable under his special circumstances?

The Negrette is finer wool. The Rambouillet is the larger carcass, the heavier fleece and the longer and stronger staple. These qualities are just those the breeder has especially to look to, to amend the prevailing defects of the wools of this country.

When the sheep are small, fleece light, fine and false in staple, there can be no doubt that the vigor imparted in all these points by a cross with the Rambouillet is the thing required. If your sheep are of medium quality, the Rambouillet will fine the wool, lengthen the staple, and give size to the sheep and weight to fleece. And the mestizo Rambouillet ram is just the animal which, from its great vigor, is calculated to produce and maintain an improved standard in such a flock, commencing, say with second or third cross and following with third or fourth cross, and so on.

Is your flock a vigorous one, well grown, with good weight of fleece, sound but not particularly fine? With such a flock you cannot fail to do well by using the Negrette cross, neither could you fail to do well with the Rambouillet, especially if you purchase rams of third, fourth, or fifth cross, as, through these you will attain, in a high degree, all the good qualities, extreme prices excepted. It becomes, in this case, a mere matter of nice judgment which of the crosses are most desirable under the especial circumstances of the individual flock, for it must always be borne in mind that to strive after extreme fineness is a somewhat hazardous course.

There is another way of working with these breeds, thus: First raise the standard of the animal, give weight and length of staple through a couple crosses of the Rambouillet, and then on this invigorated breed, graft the extra fineness of the Negrette. Again, if you have a Negrette mestizo flock, deficient in length and strength of staple the remedy is to be found in a cross with the Rambouillet.

FARMER.

Mr. Wells' Overland Route.

Dr. Manuel Tristany publishes in the 'Tribuna' some remarks about proposed balloon excursion across the continent, which he deems not only feasible but comparatively easy, an idea not shared by the public.

1st. He says the aeronaut must steer N W to avoid the deserts of Patagonia, and cross the Cordillera at its narrowest part.

2nd. The distance from Buenos Ayres, passing in a right line over San Luis and Mendoza, to Santiago in Chile is 421 leagues (1368 miles).

3rd. The atmosphere, ranging between 28 and 40 degrees latitude will be temperate, and as the greatest elevation in crossing the Andes will not exceed 4500 or 6000 yards, this is a trifle, for Messrs. Glaisher and Coxwell ascended at Greenwick, in 1862, to a height of 10,000 yards. There is therefore no fear of Mr. Wells being asphyxiated.

4th. The most dangerous part of the journey—from the pyramid of San Martin in Mendoza to Mapocho in Chile—cannot exceed 40 leagues in length.

5th. The great risks are of falling among the Indians, or in the ravines of the Andes. The first he may avoid by steering for Cordoba and Mendoza, the second is even less danger than that of falling in the sea, since Mr. Wells takes small exploring balloons which

MAKING RINGS FROM A WOMAN'S FINGER WHILST ASLEEP.

At 10, Thursday, the 18th, a broker's laboratory... The complainant before Mr. D'Eynouart, at Clerkenwell...

TRIAL TRIP OF THE AYALON.

On Saturday the trial trip of the pioneer of ocean navigation... The trial trip of the Ayalon was a success...

THE SOLDIERS' DAUGHTERS' HOME.

Saturday, the 18th, being "Waterloo day," the 18th anniversary of the battle of Waterloo... The home was established in the month of 1855...

BRITISH POLICY IN JAPAN.

Lord Grey has given notice of the following resolution for Friday, July 15th... The relations between this country and Japan appear to this House to be at present in a highly satisfactory state.

HOW TO RAISE THE WIND.

Beware of Lord Broughton... John Magaglio, having offices in Farrington-road, and William Broughton, the proprietor of a newspaper called the Sydney Chronicle...

THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON IN COURT.

An action was brought in the Court of Exchequer last week by Robert Andrews, a grocer, in Newry-street, to recover damages for injury done to a mare by the negligence of the Duke of Wellington's coachman.

TELEGRAPH ROUND THE WORLD.

The proposed Inter-Continental Telegraph, which will be the subject of discussion in the New York Chamber of Commerce... It appears that Russia has undertaken a line of 6,000 miles from Moscow to the Pacific Ocean...

AN EMIGRANT'S WELCOME IN QUEENSLAND.

An emigrant who has been some time ago for Queensland, has sent to a friend the following account of his experiences up to Feb. 12th... "I have been here five months, and only had six weeks of rest in fact, and the rest was a very hard one."

NOT MASTER OF HIS OWN HOUSE.

An elderly gentleman, with a good-humoured face, and in a profane state of perspiration, hurried into the Worshipful Street Police-court the other day... "I have been here five months, and only had six weeks of rest in fact, and the rest was a very hard one."

A GENUINE LANDLADY.

At the London Probate Court a suit, relating to the will and codicil of Miss Elizabeth Chapman, who died on the 21st of March 1852, was heard by the learned judge... The learned judge having summed up, the jury found a verdict for the plaintiff—damages £200.

THE MAIL ROBBERIES.

At the Manchester Police-court, Francis Lindley, the woman charged with abducting two £5 bank notes of England, knowing them to have been stolen, was brought before the court... The learned judge having summed up, the jury found a verdict for the plaintiff—damages £200.

LADY MANSFIELD IN A FLIX.

At the London Probate Court a suit, relating to the will and codicil of Miss Elizabeth Chapman, who died on the 21st of March 1852, was heard by the learned judge... The learned judge having summed up, the jury found a verdict for the plaintiff—damages £200.

DISCOVERY OF THE TONN.

The proposed Inter-Continental Telegraph, which will be the subject of discussion in the New York Chamber of Commerce... It appears that Russia has undertaken a line of 6,000 miles from Moscow to the Pacific Ocean...

will raise him when necessary to the highest summit.

THE SULTANA QUESTION

The nature of this claim is not generally known. In 1845 Rosas passed a decree closing this port to all foreign vessels touching at Montevideo.

administration. Neither party being anxious to cede, Flores notified Moreno on the 4th, that in 48 hours he would resume hostilities, and the latter accepted the ultimatum.

Meantime the foreign ministers endeavoured to save their efforts from failure, by urging President Aguirre to end the difficulty by dismissing his Ministry and forming a mixed Cabinet.

When the Brazilian Minister demanded of Sor. Aguirre a new Cabinet, the latter proposed Dr. Requena, Gou. Gomez and Sor. Lerena, all ultra blancos, Gomez having been Minister of War at the time of Quinteros.

Sor. Saravia has broken off relations with Montevideo, and ordered the Brazilian army at Ido Grande to march across the frontier.

in the Juicio verbal of this date; but insurmountable difficulties having arisen between him and Mr. Yager, I have resolved to annul his appointment.

For those reasons, and in regard to truth, I declare him to possess my entire confidence and esteem.

Yours &c, BENJAMIN ANDRADE.

British Minister.—Our article respecting Mr. Thornton was written, before we had the unlucky news of a rupture of negotiations.

ON CHANGE. July 8th, 1864. Paper price of ounces, 467 1/2. Paper price of sovereigns, 113.

Paper money fluctuated extremely to-day, and there was a regular set-to fight between the Bulls and the Bears.

Table with 2 columns: Date, Price. Includes entries for Thursday, Friday, July 31, Oct. 10, 20, 31, Dec. 31.

Total sales, \$140,400. Average brokerage, \$37 mjc per broker.

There was a great stir on the Bolsa today, and some brokers were caught short. A most exciting effort ensued to make patacons close at 29 1/2, but it failed, and as the clock struck two the last sale was effected at 29 20, and the complacent countenances of the bull brokers proved too clearly that they had carried the day.

The Montevideo news threw a gloom over the Bolsa this afternoon. Merchants had heard that President Mitre was about to order Paunero to invade the Banda Oriental.

Beef in bales, excepting one manner of preparation, have not turned out well; the 'damp salted' has also its defects, but as we have informed the society of a better means of package by steamer, we trust the next experiment will result in a wholesome article.

We expect the following consignment of jerked beef, and will be glad to treat for the same; per Ernesto 13 bales, per Portozo 80, per Mezerium 90.

Yours truly, JAMES GORDON and Co. Agents and brokers for the Montevideo Society—'Reforma.'

M. CAMILLE REUSENS. We have been requested to publish the following in justification of the above named gentleman.

B. Ayros July 7th 1864. To the Editors of the Standard, Sirs,

Having read in your estimable paper, to-day, a notice signed 'Yager and Andrade in liquidation,' to the effect that M. Camille Reusens had been dismissed from our house, I beg to say, that I neither knew of, nor would I have lent my name to the same, feeling that it would injure that gentleman's good name, and affect the honorable character of which I have found him to possess during the time he was in our house.

M. Camille Reusens left our employment on the 10th ult having previously been appointed before the Tribunal of Commerce to represent my interests in liquidation with Sor Yager, as appears

COLON THEATRE ITALIAN OPERA.

JULY FEASTS. 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th performance of the New Season. Sunday 9th NATIONAL HYMN, TRAVIATA. Saturday 14th, LUCREZIA BORGIA. A 1/2 o'clock

Theatre Franco-Argentin.

BOUFFES PARISIENS. Sous la direction de Mr. D'Hoto. Samedi 9 juillet L'HYMNE NATIONAL. LE GENDRE DE M. POIRIER. Comedie en quatre actes en prose, par Emile Augier et Jules Sandeau.

Dimanche 10 juillet Les Maris me font toujours rire Comedie en deux actes melec de chant. Un Monsieur qui prend la impuete Vaudeville en un acte A 7 heures et demie.

OSTEO OIDON

PATENT, MARCH 1st, 1862. Messrs. GABRIEL'S Invention for supplying Artificial Mineral Teeth, with soft flexible gum, entirely dispensing with the use of springs, wires, or metallic fastenings, and especially adapted for warm climates.



27, Harley Street, Covent Garden, and 31, Ludgate Hill (near Rensons), London: 100, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Parties at the option of the globe, by forwarding particulars to the condition of their mouths, with an enclosure of five dollars, will receive by return that which will enable them to take an impression of the mouth, so as to enable Messrs. G. to forward either a partial or complete set of teeth.

GABRIEL'S ORIENTAL DENTALS, for restoring and preserving the Teeth, 10, 24, and 31st, per bottle. Patent White Enamel for stopping Front Teeth, warranted never to change colour, 3s. and 10s. 6d. per packet, and 10s. 6d. per box.

Camilla Bonsens. The Clerk of this name consents to be in our employment. Buenos Ayres, July 6, 1864. JAGER y ANDRADA, En Lequida.

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Wants a Situation. A young Englishman, of long business experience, wishes a situation in a store (town or camp.) Has a good knowledge of Spanish. First-class recommendations. Address T. B. M., at this office. 3p. J8

Mr. Enzor Williams, Lately in Cordova, Is requested to call on the undersigned. Anybody knowing of this gentleman's whereabouts, will confer a favour by communicating his address to R. and J. Carlisle and Co., 108 Piedad. 3p J7

B Parody, 51-CANGALLO-51 READY-MADE CLOTHING STORE. Buckingham, Invernesses, Raglans, Brysons, Over-coats and Double-breast Frocks, Linen Shirts and Cotton do, Dressing Gowns, Umbrellas, and India-rubber Goods. Youtis' and childrens' clothing, shirts, do. J8. 10p

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Wanted. A man and wife lately come to this country seek a situation in town. The woman is a good cook and the man understands the care of horses. Apply, 228 Calle Cangallo. 3p. J

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PRODUCE SALES. 300 cowhides, dry, camp \$120. 400 do do do 118. 200 do do do 115. 300 do do do 38 1/2 s.r. 500 cowhides, for Spain 37. 500 do. Cordoba for (embark.) 30. 5000 do., salted, Entre Rios 43. 200 pipes tallow 15

CHARTERS. Danish schooner George, to load jerked beef for Rio in 1,000 pats. Hamburg brigantine Edeline to load jerked beef for Brazil, at Paysandu, at 4 1/2, 5 1/2, and 6 pats. Hanoverian brigantine Rudolph on same terms. Bremen barque Clarissa, to load in port jerked beef for Brazil, at 3 1/2, 4 1/2, and 5 1/2. The Italian polacre Sor. Guiseppo has been placed on the berth to load for Genoa. The Spanish brigantine Andaz has also been placed on the berth to load for Cadiz and Barcelona.

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SAVINGS BANK.

BANK MAU & CO., No. 103 Calle de Cangallo, BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence. The Bank of Mau and Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artificers, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mau and Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and will open a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo, from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. on Week Days, and on Sundays and Holidays from Ten to Twelve a.m. for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn. The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mau and Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mau and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood. Buenos Ayres, September 19, 1864. Pp. Mau and Co. WILLIAM LESLIE.

THE AMAZON, 11-CALLE PERU-11. Manufactory of Children's Dresses.

NOTICE TO MOTHERS OF FAMILIES. This old established House begs to call the attention of its Friends and the Public in general to its new assortment of Goods. It has on hand all Goods which the first houses in Paris would be proud to have. Persons of good taste would do well to see this splendid assortment of articles.

There is also some very fine French articles, viz:— GABRIEL'S ARTICLES DE LANA. BOMBASERIAS. Sombreros de terciopelo. Sombreros de paño. Sombreros de seda. Sombreros de lana. Sombreros de algodón. Sombreros de paja. Sombreros de esparto. Sombreros de mimbrera. Sombreros de palma. Sombreros de caña. Sombreros de cuero. Sombreros de piel. Sombreros de terciopelo. Sombreros de seda. Sombreros de lana. Sombreros de algodón. Sombreros de paja. Sombreros de esparto. Sombreros de mimbrera. Sombreros de palma. Sombreros de caña. Sombreros de cuero. Sombreros de piel.

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THE NEWS BUDGET.

The Eyes v. Tobacco.—At a sitting, some months ago, of the Société Midolo-Prattig, Paris, the eyes of the tobacco...

Night Houses.—The bill prohibiting public refreshment houses in London from supplying any refreshment between one and four o'clock...

Caribbath's Visit to England.—The Mayor of Southampton has received the following letter from General Caribbath...

Death of the Earl of Gosford.—We have to record the death of the Earl of Gosford from an attack of gout, at his house, in Grosvenor-street...

Postal Communication with South Wales.—Memorials have been signed by the inhabitants of the various districts...

Harvest Prospects in Russia.—A letter from Tegenoff, in the Saint Petersburg Gazette, says—"Two heavy calamities have fallen on the farmers...

The Pickering of the P.M.P.—At the Westminster Police-court, Samuel Pickering was charged on a remand before Mr. Self with picking the pocket of a woman...

An Imperial Gift to the Little Sisters of the Poor.—Four beautiful silver porcelain cups and saucers have been presented to the Little Sisters...

Sudden Death of a Consul-General.—The Montreal papers bring an account of the death of Mr. Joseph H. Giddings, the United States Consul-General in Canada...

Spurious Half-crowns.—A correspondent of the Standard, writing from Worcester, says—"I think my duty to caution your readers against a recent issue of spurious half-crowns...

The Last Gunpowder Explosion at Tripoli.—Further particulars have been received relative to the late explosion of a Government powder magazine at Tripoli on the 31st of May...

Loss of Two Ships in the Ice.—By the arrival of the Allen steamer Purvian the loss of two vessels belonging to the Highland Line...

A Woman Vexed.—A tall, stylish-looking woman, aged twenty-nine, was charged at the Marylebone Police-court with creating a disturbance...

Transportation to Australia.—A meeting of Australian and New Zealand colonists convened by the Hon. the Secretary of State...

Revolver of Fortunio.—It is currently reported in Sunderland, says a local contemporary, that Mr. George Healy, late M.P. for that town...

The Emperor of the French in Danger.—A recent accident is said to have befallen the Emperor of the French when he was on a visit to the Imperial Palace...

Waterman's Field Battery.—Mr. Waterman of Shirley, near Southampton, says (this since offered a battery, consisting of fourteen field guns...

Damage for False Imprisonment.—In the Wobochan County Court, before Sir Walter Russell, Bart., and a special jury, an action was brought by Cooper against Lusk...

Royal Visit to the Duchessa d'Almatu.—This representative of the ex-royal family of France, who has lately been suffering from illness, received a visit from the Queen...

Grant and Lee.—On the whole (says the Globe) Grant has succeeded so far in fulfilling his implied promise to the public...

Obituary.—The death of an Indian soldier, an inmate of the Madras Central Prison, is recorded...

Court of Admiralty.—£230 SALVAGE.—An inquiry was recently held before Dr. Lushington, at the Admiralty Court, respecting an emigration vessel which had been wrecked on the coast of Brazil...

Outbreak in the Roman Catholic Reformatory.—Our readers will possibly remember that about twelve months ago a serious mutiny occurred in a reformatory for young men...

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Departure of Prince Arthur for Germany.—Prince Arthur, attended by his Governor, Major Fitzhugh, Royal Artillery, and his private tutor, the Rev. W. H. Lilly...

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A Gentleman Bitten by an Adder.—A party of friends left the district of Baltham, near Biddenden, in Surrey, for a country excursion...

A Page attempting to Poison his Mother.—A boy named Robert Thompson, aged sixteen, in the family of Mr. Lambert, residing at Richmond on Saturday, was attempting to poison his mother...

Mr. Cobden and the War in America.—Mr. Cobden writes as follows to a letter to the Queen...

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