

## The Standard

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The Standard.

All that advances in the world is not a disaster. - Cicero. SUNDAY, MARCH 27, 1864.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The Packet leaves to-day, taking with her many foreign residents and their families. We wish them all a pleasant voyage and speedy return.

The long-talked-of elections come off to-day, and in order to preserve order the city is under, we may say, martial law. Sticks, whips, and horses are strictly prohibited. Our readers had better keep aloof from the polls, as at the club meetings last night there were very high words, and it is possible that, notwithstanding all the precautions taken, some of the tables may be capsize.

There is a rumour through town that Mr. Uschental is negotiating a large loan in this city for the Montevideo Government. We have not heard the terms, but suppose that the unfortunate Montevideo Custom-house will be the security offered. The most ardent supporters of Flores must now see the ruin which this man is bringing on his country, and yet there does not seem the remotest hope of a speedy termination to this scandalous revolution.

The accounts we receive from the Banda Oriental respecting the state of the camps are truly alarming. The cattle are all dying, and if the rain does not come soon the sheep will perish also. Such a drought was never before experienced in that country. An English merchant, who has just come over from the Rio Negro, assures us that the camps are like the streets of Buenos Ayres, covered with dirt and dust. The state of the camps in this province, in parts, is also very bad, but by no means such as that of the Banda Oriental. Near the Villa Mercedes, particularly, the grass is very scarce. We think that our friends who moved their sheep out last year had better be in no hurry to return, as the approaching winter does not look the most promising.

The works of the Boca Railway have at last been recommenced, and we are happy to learn that the contractor for the earthworks is a fellow-countryman, who has at present a gang of fifty men, all of whom know more about working on railways than speaking Spanish or taking mate. Countrymen will now find good employment at high wages without being compelled to live with a lot of Italians and squaws. We hope that this new Argentine Dargan will succeed, and make a first-rate job of it.

The works of the Southern Railway are progressing rapidly; land about the Lomas de Zamorra has increased greatly in value, as it is thought this picturesque little suburb will, one of these days, be a very large town. We hear of a large 'cardul', in that neighbourhood having been bought by two well-known English gentlemen, at a very high figure.

It is most surprising, that notwithstanding the number of enterprises for making a fortune are let slip. In Montevideo, owing to the revolution and drought, maize is selling at over 2000 dollars per fanega, whilst in Rosario, and many parts of Santa Fe, maize is so abundant, that it is even difficult to get one and a-half Bolivianos for it. In San Nicolas maize was selling a few weeks ago in the Plaza at 30 dolls. per fanega. There is a good chance here for making a small fortune, if any of our friends has time, money, and energy enough to look the matter up.

Notwithstanding the great anxiety to hear positive news from the mines in San Juan, mail after mail arrives, and we hear of nothing, save political stuff, which none of us care to read. The only news of importance, by the San Juan mail, is that the Government has 'let to Chile' to buy some iron seats for the Plaza, but about Mr. Richard, and the Mining Company, not one word. We greatly fear that things in San Juan are not as we could wish. The Governor has refused to disburse with the subsidy from the National Government, alleging that it is at present over a thirty-odd thousand silver dollars to that province. If

we recollect rightly, San Juan has been already paid large bills, which were sent in last year; and it does seem surprising, that a province so distant and small, should have suffered in a pecuniary point of view, so much more than all the other provinces: it would seem that there are some good accountants in San Juan. It is time now that we should hear something of the mines. We hope next mail will bring us some good news.

In Montevideo, the only subject of conversation is Mr. Lettson's grand dinner. Our colleague, the 'Comercio,' in describing it, says:—'To-day Ministers Herrera and Marmol sat with Mr. Lettson. In such dinners, the good dishes speak and inspire cordiality, and good diplomatic wines sharpen the appetite of brotherly love. Which will be the best dish served? Will it not be cooked interdiction, with potatoes English style, and white sauce.'

We think if our friend, Mr. Lettson, has nothing else for dinner but 'cooked interdiction,' it will be a long time before Marmol or Herrera will ever dine with him again; and if our worthy representative limits himself to such indigestive dishes, it will be years before he arrives at that *cul-de-sac* so essential to all diplomatists. We are curious to know how one feels after a couple of bottles of this celebrated diplomatic wine, about which our colleague speaks. We do not mean, for a moment, to insinuate that any of the select dinner party becomes *profoundly refreshed*, but our colleague states that this wine sharpens the appetite of brotherly love; and very possibly before this celebrated dinner party terminated, some peculiar demonstrations of fraternal affection were made by some of their Excellencies, which might induce the unwashed to believe that their diplomatic wine was nothing more nor less than some of Jameson's Dublin whiskey, which was sold at auction last week by Mr. Gowland.

One of the most extraordinary things is the vessel which arrived here with railway iron and coke to nobody. The captain has advertised in all the papers, but as yet the owner is in *nubibus*. We should advise the master of the vessel to call and see Don Manuel Haedo, who is at present importing a largely, probably if he will sell his cargo on time, or take bran new paper dollars from the bank in payment, Haedo will give him a good price.

The Pavon arrived yesterday, bringing us files from the interior. Every thing is going on well in the provinces; in Rosario Consul Hutchinson was invited by the Minister to attend with the Government at the church on Holy Thursday. Captain Bruce, the owner of the Parana line of steamers, arrived yesterday; he leaves to day with his family in the English packet. A man who has so faithfully and punctually served the public merits more than a passing farewell from the 'Standard.' His family leave for England, but he will probably not proceed beyond Rio with them. We understand that there is a first class steamer in that port for sale, which if Mr. Bruce finds suit the river Parana, he purposes buying. We wish him every success in his undertaking, and hope, that he will soon return amongst us—indeed, it is in his exertions to establish a regular steam communication between this city and the river ports, he has to thank the public more than the Government for the support which he received. Captain Bruce with his line of steamers has done his quota for advancing this country, in fact we cannot do without him in the Parana, and the trifling privileges which he asked of the minister after his many services should have been instantly accorded, instead of being refused. There are this moment some dozens of parties looking after the Pavon, as they know Mr. Bruce's contract terminates in May, but to our mind the President should give a preference to the man who has done so much for steam navigation in the River Plate. We should be glad, however, that Mr. Bruce would come down from Rio in a first class steamer of his own, put her on the Rosario line, and drive the Pavon to Martin Garcia.

The firing off rockets yesterday was something awful in the plaza and south part of the town; we could hardly attend to business the day was so great; no accidents we believe occurred, although rockets were flying in all directions.

We read in a Montevideo paper that Dr. Lorenzo Torres has accepted the mission to Paraguay, and will shortly proceed to Asuncion. On the same authority we learn that the Bank Maua is about to make a loan of five millions pes., to the National Government. It is also said that our San Juan friend, Sor. Sarmiento, will possibly become one of the National Ministers, and succeed Sor. Costa, but we discredit this in toto.

Respecting Flores, we hear from parties who arrived from the Uruguay that the revolution is dying out. Caraballo is off in the mountains somewhere with only a few men. Waldino Urquiza, Lopez, and some others are marching, with 200 men, towards Salto. Cristo and his Indians are along with them. A most traffic affair had occurred at Payandú. A young Argentine was in love with the daughter of Sor. Viscarro; the young lady repelled his advances, but her lover was furious. He

went on the night in question and demanded an interview with the lady, which was granted, and, failing to persuade her to accept him, he drew a pair of pistols from his breast, and shooting first the girl in the face, he put the mouth of the pistol to his chin and fired. Strange to say, the discharge did not enter the brain, but he was determined to kill himself; and, wounded as he was in the most horrible manner, he went over to the 'pozo,' or well, which is forty yards deep, and threw himself headfirst into it. The young lady was wounded, but not killed, and is now recovering.

Minister Granel, from Santa Fe, appears failed in his mission to Buenos Ayres; the National Government have declined to supply arms to the National Guards of Santa Fe.

In Mercedes, in the Banda Oriental, a great robbery of hides has been discovered. Some 200 hides of different marks, belonging to foreign estancieros, have been smuggled into the town, and were on the point of being shipped when embargoed.

From Entre Rios we learn that the camps are in splendid condition, the grass abundant, and the lagunas all full. Many people in town think that there will be a revolution in that province, but we opine the contrary.

The steamer from Paraguay arrived; it had raised a good deal, and the cotton crop was in a flourishing condition. The only news of importance is that Sr. Cairo, the Paraguayan ambassador to France and England has resigned, and Sr. Candido Barrozo has succeeded him. The railway is to be opened to-day to Arroyo Estrella, which is about two leagues further towards Villa Rica.

HOLY WEEK INCIDENTS.

On Wednesday night we regret to say a lot of boys having raised the bry of fire in Sto Domingo church, there was a rush for the door; as however the sermon was over, and the religious ceremonies concluded, the majority of the congregation had either left or were in the act of leaving. Nevertheless several ladies in the rush stumbled, and narrowly escaped being trampled upon. We hope that the authorities have caught these ruffians who attempted to play so practical a joke in the temple of the Most High.

It is calculated that there were over 2500 coloured persons in Santo Domingo. Such a number was never before seen assembled in Buenos Ayres. Every one proceeded, however, with the greatest decorum, save the juvenile ruffians, who raised the alarm about fire. The sermons delivered were eloquent and soul-stirring, but owing to the miserable acoustic arrangements in many of the churches it was impossible to hear the preacher at times.

On the same evening a drunken man having entered one of the churches and approached the steps of the altar, where he was causing serious disturbance, was forcibly ejected by an Irish gentleman who happened to be present. The matter caused a deal of fuss, but the highest praise is due to our spirited countryman.

On the same night the rush at one of the churches was so great that the sentries shut the doors whilst the church was crowded within. We regard this as a highly dangerous practice: thousands of persons were in the church at the time, and had any accident or false alarm been given the consequences would have been fatal.

On Holy Thursday the attendance at the churches, morning, noon, and night was something extraordinary. The procession in the cathedral attracted thousands; the altars in the several churches were most magnificently decorated. At half-past twelve o'clock the vigils, all neat, clean, and orderly, marched in two to the cathedral, shortly afterwards Sr. Cozon led off the municipality (who were all dressed with considerable elegance) to the Government House, where the President was waiting; they then marched off headed by the President, his aides, general officers, ministers, &c., and visited the seven churches, commencing with the Cathedral. The President was dressed as a general officer, and looked rather well. In his tour he passed down Belgrano, and when in front of our office we have no doubt offered up a silent prayer for our prosperity. The day was beautiful, the streets crowded, the ladies dressed out in the very pink of fashion—towards evening the throng became greater, and at night time, not only the churches but even the streets were impassable. At Santo Domingo and San Francisco hundreds of persons knelt before the door of the church, as entrance was out of the question. The plaza was crowded, and the band played some lugubrious airs to the fashionable promenaders.

On Good Friday, the churches were crowded, and the whole city wore a garb of mourning. At night, the Plaza

Victoria was so thronged, that promading was out of the question. The seats around the Plaza were occupied by ladies, but the conduct of some of the young men towards these ladies was most unbecoming. We heard many complaints, and several ladies were obliged to leave the Plaza, owing to the immodest jokes of these swells. We must protest against this conduct: nothing can be more improper on such an occasion. The crowd, it was supposed, was composed of persons who, in the exercise of their religious duties, were going round from church to church; yet in the Plaza a very different scene was going on. A gang of young men went from seat to seat, striking wax matches, and looking at the ladies. We only heard of one robbery, perpetrated by two boys, who stole a cigar case from a foreigner, and although the owners saw the boys running off with his property, he was unable to catch them, owing to their having got in amongst the ladies, and escaped.

On Holy Saturday, all the wealth and beauty of Buenos Ayres was in the Plaza; business was forgotten; the sailing of the steamer was unheeded; all crowded to the Plaza to see the ladies decked out in jewels and diamonds. The burning of Judas Iscariot took place as usual, and in an hour all were fled, the Plaza occupied only by unemployed Italians and sleepy policemen. The firing of rockets, however, continued until a late hour, but luckily no accident happened.

ALL THE YEAR ROUND

(Not by Dickens.) Foreigners newly arrived must be perfectly disgusted at seeing the awful state of slavery in which the Argentines are groaning: the worst feature of the matter is, they do not seem to be at all aware of their chains. Are they aware that since November last they have only had two elections, and another takes place to-day? They have been so ground down by tyrannical governors, that they have lost all spirit, and care not now to assert their right to elections every day. Were we, by good luck, Argentine citizens, we would never rest till we had elections day after day, elections for everything: the changadors might vote for municipals; murdering gauchos for Jueces de Paz; thieves for alcaldes; lottery ticket men for serenos; and last, but not least, newspaper editors for President and managers of railways. By this means, every one would have a chance of electing the powers with whom he was most likely to come in contact.

The general idea in Europe about the Argentine Republic is, that there is an annual revolution. Elections every twenty-four hours, and paper money without any value, therefore invaluable, and that; it is as near an approach to what Samuel Slick, Esq., would call A.P. (Airtly Paradise) (really Argentine Provinces), as is to be found in this wicked world. We have, thanks to the grinding heel of a despot, a revolution very seldom; elections, not oftener than once a month, and paper money that is never paid for, but which can still buy railways. The Great Lord Chatham finished his last speech with 'Were I an American, as I am an Englishman, and a foreign country to invade my land, I would never lay down my arms, no, never, never.' These same grand words, slightly altered, would just suit the Portenos, who are groaning under the burden of not having elections all the year round. Let our worthy colleague, with the Trojan name, drop the 'forum,' and take advantage of these words which, although uttered by an Englishman, are wonderfully stirring.

Another Shipwreck British Brig Lost.

A British brig, the Royal Dano, bound from Cadix to Montevideo, has been lost at the Island of Polona. The British gun boat Spider has proceeded to her assistance. No particulars of the disaster are known. The admiral, immediately took steps to send her relief.

As far back as the middle of last century, one of the French monarchs ordered the workmen taken from the Eddystone Light-house by a French cruiser, during war time, to be set at liberty, saying that although he was at war with England, he was not with mankind. In the River Plate the folks are so engrossed with party politics and chronic revolution, they have no time to attend to the arts of peace, and nourish their life-blood. Scarcely a month passes that we have not to record some maritime disaster or other in this river, all owing to want of proper lights, and the channel being buoyed. If not already, very soon this river will have gained such an unenviable notoriety that ship-owners and underwriters will not allow vessels to come here, and then see if Flores' name be sufficient to sustain the country. Were our colleagues only to advocate, with one half the zeal, which they devote to rotten politics, the placing of lights, buoying the rivers, and proper laws for lighters, they would find that their country would be a gainer by this change of subject.

The Cork 'Cout' gardes.

Our French colleague devotes a short paragraph to this body of gentlemen guards, worthy descendants of the 'Guides' of last century, and states that they have been enrolled by a well known foxhunter who has been brought somewhat prominently before the public lately. The following are the particulars of his notoriety:—

A gentleman residing in Cork, of considerable eminence in the scientific world, as well as distinguished in the hunting world, and in social circles, was recently at a ball near Queenstown at which a young lady of great beauty was present. In the course of the evening the gentleman, who had been but a short time previously introduced to the lady, managed to monopolise a large share of her conversation, so much as to excite some little annoyance among various other gentlemen present who naturally felt somewhat displeased at being so much shut out from any share of the attention of the belle of the room. Amongst these were two English officers, one of whom in the course of the evening made a remark to the Irish gentleman in reference to his monopoly of the lady's attention, and added some phrase which, by implication, meant that he (the Irish gentleman) would not be as successful in more manly contests. The Irish gentleman at once accepted the implied challenge, and said that if the lady to whom reference has been made would give him her bracelet to wear as a gage at the next day's hunt, which was to come off near Fermoy, he would undertake to come in at the finish before either of the two officers; and would then write a song to be dedicated to the lady and in her praise, which he would get set to music, and afterwards have sung before one of the largest audiences ever assembled in the Cork theatre. The wager was at once accepted, £20 being the sum staked. The lady with much spirit gave her bracelet, the hunt came off, the gentleman wore it, and rode in triumphantly at the head of the field. He afterwards did compose the song, and got it set to music, and this was the pretty ballad which Mr. Bowler sang so charmingly after the opera on the night of Tuesday week. To secure the large house on that night, the patronage of the foxhunters of the south of Ireland was obtained by the gentleman who played such a prominent part in the transaction, and the highly successful result was to be found in the crammed condition of every part of the building. The next morning a letter was delivered to the hero of the adventure, containing a cheque for £20, from his rival, with whom he had made the bet, who thus acknowledged our countryman's superiority as a courtier, a cavalier, and a poet. This little bit of romance, which we have the best authority for asserting is true, is peculiarly refreshing in these prosaic days. The following is the Song:

Thy colours in my cap I wore; Thy presence in my heart I bore; Surely a charmed life was mine Since it in thought was linked with thine. Dora mia, Dora mi Only love me as I love thee. No craven fear my bosom cross'd; I cared not if the race were lost; So thou couldst look on me with pride, For thee I'd willingly have died. Dora mia, Dora mi Only love me as I love thee. But thanks to fate the word's reversed And I can sing what I've rehearsed So often in the weary night, For thee I win! for thee I fight! Dora mia, Dora mi Only love me as I love thee. Then as reward for every task Performed by thee, I only ask One single, simple, glance of love From the bright eyes of my own love. Dora mia, Dora mi, Only love me as I love thee. Cork Examiner

DUNDREARY OF DENMARK.

At the request of the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge, the Right Hon. the Lord Dundreary, T. R. II., delivered, a few evenings since, a popular lecture on the Danish or Schleswig-Holstein question. The room was densely crowded. The chair was taken by Professor Teufelsdröckh.

The noble Lecturer came directly to the heart of the question. He said:—Schleswig and Holstein are two Duchesses united in one—no, not two Duchesses, for who ever heard of two Duchesses united? Duchesses are women, and two women never get married except in the 'Arabian Nights,' where a woman got married because she thought she was a man; but that's not true, you know; only it just occurs to me that two women do get married sometimes, because I had two sisters myself, and they got both married; but I think Schleswig and Holstein can't be both two Duchesses; or perhaps one is a Duchesse and the other is a Duke; or one is a Duke and the other isn't a Duke; but which is the Duches and which isn't the Duke is one of those things no fellah could understand. Holstein belongs to Germany, and

Schleswig doesn't belong to Denmark; but Germany wants to put Schleswig on Diet that Denmark thinks can't agree with her. Of course, it's very wrong to insist on changing a fellah's Diet if a fellah likes it; but Federal Diet is better than no Diet at all. Half a loaf, you know, in the hand is worth two in a bush; but I never saw a loaf in a bush I'm sure, and I don't know what loaves would want in bushes unless it was the bread fruit-tree that fellah say grows in China, or Copenhagen, or some other hot place. We're going to have a war, and England is going to fight on both sides, because our Prince is married to Germany, and you can't ask us to set families by the ears. Blood is thicker than butter, and no parents: so England is going to stick to neutral and non-intervention and fight on both sides; and then, you see, we must win one way or the other. It's hedging, in fact—that's where it is. Besides, if we beat ourselves we won't hit so very hard, and it won't hurt us half so much if any other fellah beat us. Fellahs ask me what the Federal soldiers will do; but I'm sure I don't know what the Federals have to do with it at all. Down at Liverpool the're all Confederates, and they pool the Federals all day long; but I always thought the Federal were in America—brother Sam wrote me the other day that they were, and he ought to know, you know, because he was in Australia, and now he's come back; in fact, he is gone out again, only this time he's going to China, so, of course, he knows all about it, and he said the Federals were in America, and, therefore, I don't see why they should interfere with Denmark, because Denmark is in Asia, and, of course, if an American fellah pokes his nose into Asia, he knocks up the balance of power in Europe; and I should think Earl Russell isn't going to stand that. If Germany goes into Denmark, the balance of power is knocked up; and if Denmark goes into Germany, of course the balance of power be knocked down. But where the balance of power is no fellah can make out; and I think it seems to be a scaly sort of affair altogether. Denmark wants to put herself into the balance, and I suppose if she wants it she will do it, because you know, people say that where there's a will there's a way. Earl Russell knows that Germany wants to upset the balance, and he says the scales have fallen from his eyes; and Germany I suppose wants to catch hold of them, and make off with them. So it must come to a fight, you know. And if Denmark doesn't keep Schleswig then Germany oughtn't to keep Holstein, because Schleswig once belonged to Germany and now it belongs to Denmark, and we call it Schleswig-Holstein because there never was any Schleswig-Holstein, only Holstein belonged to Schleswig and Schleswig didn't belong to Holstein; and if Holstein wants Schleswig then Schleswig mustn't have Holstein, and Holstein and Schleswig must be made into one because they were always separate, and Schleswig and Holstein must be separated because they were always together, and two of a trade, you know never spoil two houses; and its all of those things no fellah ever could understand. Loud applause followed his Lordship's conclusion, and a vote of thanks was unanimously passed to him for his luminous and convincing lecture.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

It is rumoured that the questions between the Argentine and Oriental Governments have been arranged amicably at Mr. Lettson's dinner party.

In Minas and Maldonado a fellow called Manduca has named the local authorities all Floristas.

The Brazilian gunboat Paranaíba, which left on Tuesday for Salto on Monday, took up Colonel Trillo, who is appointed military commander north of the Rio Negro.

On Monday night a fellow named Juan Barrero murdered a black man, name unknown, in the cuartel or section Corban.

Yerba from the Misiones, Corrientes, is arriving in Montevideo and sells well.

In Cerro Largo there has been some fighting, and the Reforma states that Goyo Suarez and a Brazilian Colonel with some 40 men were killed. The total loss of Flores is estimated at 300.

Manduja Carabajal was in Rocha, and Borges at San Carlos on Monday. The new Chief of Police at Maldonado has given five days time for all persons to come forward and pay their contribution directa to Flores.

Commander Libartes has been arrested on suspicion, and placed a close prisoner in the fortress.

ANOTHER DISASTER.

The Argentine barque 'Adelaida' which arrived in Montevideo from Buenos Ayres on Monday, bound for Antwerp, struck several times on the Ortiz bank, and was obliged to put into Montevideo in distress as she was making water fast. We hear that the vessel has to discharge her cargo and to be repaired before she can proceed on the voyage.



**Mr. Buschenthal's Ball.**

On Saint Joseph's day, Don José Buschenthal gave a grand blow out at his quinta to his friends. It commenced with a splendid breakfast, at which the three toasts of Montevideo were gallantly honored by the guests. The French Admiral, M. Chagnian, kindly placed the band of the Astrea at the disposal of the host, and during breakfast it discoursed most excellent music. Señora Carlillo favoured the company by singing many operatic pieces. About six p.m. the dancing guests began to arrive. The quinta was a perfect Vauxhall with coloured lamps and the band promenade the alleys playing select music. It had this advantage over Vauxhall—it did not rain, but on the contrary the spotty planet, as Milton calls the moon, shone with all her force. The whole affair wound up with supper at a late hour, and the guests departed regretting that things must all come to an end. Our worthy Minister has since tried to outdo this entertainment, and although there were always members of the ugly sex who prefer a heavy feast to the company of youth, beauty, and virtue—these are old fogies—Mr. Buschenthal has fairly outstripped him in giving the most pleasure to the most people.

**How Long shall They Receive Warnings in Valto?**

To the Editors of the Standard, Gentlemen. By the time this is in the hands of the public, the churches will be full of worshippers. On Saturday night the theatre will likely be crowded more densely than ever it was in the palmy days of the Lees Brothers; and what have the authorities done to prevent a repetition of the Chilean disaster on 8th December last? Have any regulations been made for the proper fastenings of doors of public buildings? Or are we again to hear the death-shrieks of people, who, but a few moments before, were listening to pious accents of holy music?

The Municipality has been warned repeatedly of the hideous state of filth in which this city is wallowing—death is abroad in our streets; and should the epidemic, which is called typhus, now ravaging the Banda Oriental, make its appearance at our gates, precautionary measures will be found to be of no avail, and the Great King will claim subjects from all ranks, from the President to the street-vender.

After we have suffered just punishment for our want of care, a day of fasting will likely be appointed to pray for these troubles to be averted from our heads. *Cui bono?* Death's harvest will, by that time, have been gathered and the curses, not loud but deep, of desolated fathers, sisters, and children will be showered upon the head of a stubborn Municipality.

The Portenos are fond of calling Buenos Ayres the South American Athens. There is a city in North Britain, almost as clean as this, which rejoices in the title of 'Modern Athens.' Well, some few years ago, this M.A. was visited by cholera morbus, and the frightened inhabitants petitioned her Majesty's Government to appoint a day of general fasting and mourning. The then Prime Minister returned the answer, that when the Modern Athenians kept their streets, alleys, and windows clean and fresh, and introduced cheap baths and good drinking water, then would he, if the epidemic still continued, appoint a day of fasting, &c.

**IRISH CHURCH, CHASCOMUS.**

The following is a list of subscriptions received for the Irish Church at Chascomus at the estancia of the late Mrs. Malady.

M. CONNOLLY, Irish Pastor.	\$600
Mr. Cranwell	500
" Kiug	500
" Wyley	500
" Lennon	200
" Diamond	100
" Roche	100
" Seery	50
" Quigly	500

**Indians of Bella Vista.**

A gang of savages of the Gran Chaco have fallen on some wood-cutters of Bella Vista, killing one man, and carrying off two women: the survivor miraculously escaped from the fate of his comrades.

**LOCAL EVENTS.**

Santiago del Estero.—The 'Ferrocarril' of Rosario, says that the plan of the navigation of the Rio Salado is prospering. At first it was feared that a scarcity of labourers would seriously affect the undertaking, but now, luckily, these apprehensions are dispelled, and in order to further the good work, as far as lies in its power, the Government has decreed that the workmen, whilst employed on the works, shall be free from military service. By this means, it is expected that there will be no great scarcity of hands; and as a further inducement for the men to keep steadily at work, this licence is annulled as soon as they stop work.

Ephemera.—A party, who evidently does not wish to hurt the feelings of his neighbours, advertises in one of the

native newspapers: "If the person called X, who took away a gold watch and chain, by mistake from such and such a street does not return the same, his name will be published." There is a degree of delicacy about this, which, in this hot weather, is quite refreshing.

We have heard of some of the swell mob in London being so absent-minded as to put their hands into other people's pockets, and instead of being understood properly by heard-hearted magistrates, have been sentenced to severe punishments. But we never before met with any one who publicly declared his belief in the absent-mindedness and intentional innocence of the gentleman who took a gold watch and chain by mistake. This trait augurs well for the kindly feeling and morality of the Buenos Ayres public.

The *Cogazcu*.—This steamer, after being completely overhauled, has been placed on the station between this and Montevideo, and is now likely to run regularly, as it is said that she has received special license from the Blanco Government to enter the neighbouring capital. To-morrow she will make her first trip.

An Argentine Marshall Haynau.—The *Cordoba* newspapers mention the following:—The Governor of Cordoba began to suspect a sergeant of being much inclined to Navarre. The sergeant keeping out of the way, his wife was seized and flogged, in order to make her divulge her husband's hiding place: she refused, and was again flogged, and died from the effects of the torture. If this does not come under the head of Haynau's crimes, we should like to know what does.

A coming fight.—The *Progrés* mentions that the Confederate cruiser 'Florida' which was in Brest Harbour has accepted the challenge of the Federal man-of-war 'Kersage' to meet her, two leagues from French waters, and have a fight: It is expected that the fight will take place about the beginning of next month, and our next English packet will bring us particulars of the Shannon and Chesapeake affair.

**ON 'CHANGE**

March 26. Patacons opened at 29.10, and closed at 29.15, but there was no animation whatever on the Bolsa. The cash sales amounted to 22,477. For the end of the month 22,802, at 29.10. For the end of the month of April, 33,300, at 29.15. For the 16th April 600, at 29.10. Total sales, 31,067.

On 'Change to day, there was a very slight attendance, as the majority of the distinguished brokers were in the Plaza at the 'function.'

There were a few Bills of Exchange passed on England to day at 66. 6d., and many merchants were surprised that the Government had not remitted, by this packet, to meet the payment of the interest on the bonds in England; but the interest on these bonds, we believe, does not fall due until the 12th of July, therefore the Government can remit by next packet in time to meet this payment.

It is rumoured that the National Government is negotiating a loan with the Maua Bank for five thousand patacons, but this report is erroneous. The Maua Bank has opened a large credit for the National Government in account current.

Dr. Don Estevan Rams; we are happy to hear, has at last obtained a concession from the Government, exempting all peons employed at the Salado works from military service. This is of the greatest importance to Mr. Rams's undertaking, as there was a great scarcity of peons in Santiago del Estero.

Specie is becoming slightly more in demand, as many merchants have to remit ounces up the river to the saladeros, who are beginning to work. Paper money is also in good demand, and with a very slight effort, on the part of the Finance Minister, ounces might be brought a little down.

**PRODUCE SALES.**

250 cow hides, dry \$125  
200 do do 120  
40 ar wool, mixed 75  
350 do do 67  
80 doz sheepskins 145  
In Montevideo  
300.1 qq beef for Brazil 24 s 1/2

**FREIGHTS**

There have been three vessels chartered. The Diana, to load in Fray Bentos for Havana, at 10 rl. Catharicus for Brazil 67 beef. In Montevideo a vessel to load tea in Fray Bentos for Brazil 64 rl.

**MARITIME NEWS**

ARRIVALS 26th  
New York, Danish barque Concordia Hamburg, Danish brig Juliane, Rosario, National steamer Pavon, Asuncion and intermediate ports, Paraguayan steamer Paraguayan.

**SAILED.**

Uruguay, National steamer Salto Vessels Cleared 23rd.  
For Antwerp, Italian barque America with 250 O shln bones, 100 dry horse hides, 4462 salted cowhides, 34 bales hide cuttings, 2350 dry cowhides, 4 bales wool.

**DEATHS.**

On Good Friday morning, in this city, Mrs. Saunders, the wife of our popular and respected Engineer, Mr. James Saunders, of a son.

**DIED.**

On Monday, the 21st inst., in this city, after a lingering illness, Mrs. Viulady, aged 52, a resident of Chascomus. Mrs. M. was much respected, and her loss is greatly deplored; she was a native of Westmeath, and leaves a family well provided.

On yesterday, in this city, of dropsy, Mr. Michael Murphy, of Lobos. In his 57th year, after a lingering illness. Deceased was a native of King's County, Ireland, and came to this country in the year, 1829. During a residence of 35 years he earned the esteem and friendship of all who knew him; with a noble generosity of feeling, his house and fortune were ever freely placed at the disposal of his less fortunate countrymen. By his industrious care he had amassed a respectable fortune in the district of Lobos; he leaves a large family to deplore his loss. His remains will be conveyed to day to the Recoleta, from 154 Calle Parque, at 4.33 p.m. R.I.P.

**COLON THEATRE.**  
ITALIAN OPERA  
Second performance of the new season.  
Monday 28th March 1864.  
TROVATORE.  
At Eight o'clock.

**To Lot,**  
Two Furnished Rooms, in an English family, distant two squares from the Parque.  
Please apply at 100 Calle Defensa.  
3 p, 27 m

**Sheep.**  
Four Thousand picked Sheep, from one of the best Establishments in this Province on Sale. They will be sold low, and time given for a part of the payment.  
Apply at Calle Reconquista, 45.  
3 p m 27

**For Boston,**  
The fast sailing Argentine Luggar, REINA DEL SUD, 5, 6; 1, 1.  
375 Tons, Captain Wicks,  
Is now ready to receive cargo, and having more than half cargo engaged, will have quick despatch.  
—Consignees, Messrs. Corti, Francis chelli, and Co.  
A. H. MINTURN,  
Ship Brokers,  
40 Calle Cangallo.  
27 m, 1 m.

**Wanted,**  
A Medianero on an Estancia in the Partido de Quilmes, half a league from the Scotch Church. The flock is 1 CO of the finest Mestiza; House and Corral all complete. Or the said flock will be given to a competent person on fourths.  
Apply at the Office of this Paper.  
1 m, 27 m

**ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT**  
25 & 27 CALLE DEFENSA 25 & 27  
**ALEX. FULFON & CO.**  
By last Packet, the following goods have been received, Ladies' and Gent's Kid Gloves, All Wool Tartan, Linsey Woolseys, Linnen Ticking, Plain Shawls, Ribbon, Trimmings, Ladies' Collars and Sleeves, m 23. 15 p.

**To Ship Masters.**  
The Agent of the Board of Underwriters in New York is to be found at 188 Calle Tucuman, or at the Bolsa, JOHN GREENWAY.  
m 18, x

**Notice.**  
The undersigned beg to give notice that Mr. Archibald Williamson is this day engaging a partner in their house of business in this City.  
Buenos Ayres 25th March 1861.  
Milligan and Williamson.  
118—Calle Piedad—148.  
6 p. m 21.

**Notice.**  
A foreign gentleman wishes to obtain a furnished apartment in a respectable family and to give in return the use of his piano or lessons on same. For particulars apply at the Standard office.  
m 21, 3 p.

**Estancieros.**  
A quantity of English Oat the best thing for feeding fine Rams, on sale at George Anderson's, Calle Defensa 55.  
m 21, 3 p.

**MENSAGERIAS Y CORREOS NACIONALES INICIADORES.**

127—CALLE 25 DE MAYO—127.

All the necessary arrangements having been made, the Empresa has opened an office in this city for the purpose of facilitating operations for the Commercial Community and the public in general.

In the office will be given tickets for passengers and parcels to any part of the Republic, and there, passengers for Chile can take through tickets for Valparaiso and Santiago.

The Disignees start from Rosario for Mendoza, San Juan and Chilo every Tuesday.

From Rosario to Cordoba every Tuesday and Friday.  
From Rosario for Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, and Bolivia every Friday.  
For further particulars apply at the office of the Empresa.  
m 27

**Para Montevideo.**

Saldrá sin falta alguna el Martes 29 del corriente a las cinco de la tarde el de Ira. clase Paylebot Nacional "Lobelia Chica" admite carga a flete y pasajeros para los cuales tiene excelentes comodidades y su Capitan ofrece un esmerado trato. Para tratar ocurrase al Almacén Naval Pasco de Julio No. 35.  
Agentes. Carlos Ramayon].  
NOTA.—No se admitira carga ni pasajeros a bordo sin el boleto de la Agencia.  
m 23, 6 p.

**English Seminary for Young Ladies.**

Removed from 7 Calle Tacuari to No. 21 in same street.

The Principal of this Seminary begs leave to inform the parents and guardians of her pupils that the system of education hitherto pursued with such flattering success is continued in all its branches with renewed vigour; and she hopes that by unwearied application to the mental and moral elevation of those under her charge to secure that share of public patronage which she has hitherto enjoyed. A prospectus will be forwarded to any part of the city or country on application. As the annual examination takes place in May she begs leave to urge the punctual attendance of the young ladies.  
3 p m 24.

**For Sale.**

A PLEASURE BOAT.  
Admirably adapted for shallow as well as deep water, having a centre board. Her draught, with centre-board up, is only 3 inches, when down, from 1 foot to 4 feet as required. She is provided with two masts and sails fitted with reef, in addition, to which one or both can be used according to state of weather. She is fitted for live oars, and has plenty of room for passengers as pulls very fast even with two men, and under canvas has not her equal; has two awnings and chain for buoy &c. The materials of which she is constructed are Oak and Pitch Pine, and she is copper-fastened throughout and ash-oued in every respect as the day she was launched.  
For further particulars apply to Mr. MARSHALL Engineer and Iron Ship Builder, Barracas when the boat can be seen alongside the Steam Ship 'Era.' m 24 6 p.

**Shipping List of**

HARLES WM. BENN and CO  
Shipbrokers, &c.,  
FOR ANTWERP,  
British argo,  
CRYSTAL LINE,  
A L 266 Tons,  
Clarke, Master,  
Cleared at the Custom House, and sailing immediately.  
Consigned to order.  
Dutch schooner,  
HOORBE V ICH ER,  
171 1 us,  
Klasen, Master,  
Receiving her last Bales, and clearing at the Custom House.  
Consignee to order.  
FOR ANTWERP,  
Danish Schooner,  
HY-RA,  
138 Tons,  
Peterson, Master,  
A chartered vessel, but can still engage a few bales and dry hides, if ready.  
Consigned to order.  
Dutch Brigantine,  
CORNELIA SJSANA,  
34 Tons,  
Urytsma, Master,  
Can engage dry hides and a few bales.  
Consigned to order.  
French Ship,  
GRANDE ANTILLE,  
56 ATT. 331 Tons,  
Tenand, Master,  
Can still engage dry hides and bales.  
Consignees, Dargela and Unnes.  
National Barque,  
RIVAD VJA,  
347 Tons,  
Norman, Master,  
Can engage dry hides and bales.  
Consignee, D. C. Gouland.  
For further particulars, please apply to  
CHARLES WM. BENN and CO  
Shipbrokers, &c.  
Calle 25 de Mayo. 49.

**For Sale.**

A complete set of Ruled and Blank Account Books, consisting of the following:—  
Ledger, Journal, copy-book, Bill-book, (printed) Index, and the auxiliary books required in a counting house of a regular house of business. Also a book case for same, and a good strong Iron Chest, with two keys. There are also several books on book-keeping, calculating Interest &c. &c. as the following, some of which are old and scarce:—"Morison's Book-keeping," "Tables of Interests," by John Thomson, "Mr. Hoppus's Measure greatly enlarged and improved," "The Art of Rigging Ships," "Growth and Manufacture of Silk, and Natural History of the Silk worm" adapted to the different parts of the Union "Letters by Major John Scott" 1783 "Treatise on Watering Meadows," "Instructions in the Italian Tongue," in four parts with two Dictionaries, "The British Packet and Argentine News" from July, 1829 to August 8th, 1835: vol. 3 to 9. "Punch, or the London Charivari" 10 vols. from the year 1840 to 1852, half bound in cloth-paper, "The works of Robert Burns," with many additions, by James Currie M.D., 2 vols 12 mo. bound, "The Sky Lark," a choice selection of Popular Songs, arranged for the Violin, Flute and Voice, 1 vol. 12 mo. bound in cloth-paper, "The Constitution of Man," by George Combe, 1 vol. 18 mo. cloth, "The Politics of Another World," by Mordecai, London. 1837, cloth and many more books too numerous to mention.  
Apply, No. 102, Calle Peru, up stairs, from 9 till half past 10 in the morning, and from 4 till 6 in the evening.  
DANIEL CHAPMAN,  
Teacher of the English and Spanish languages, &c. &c.  
Instructor en los idiomas Castellano y Ingles, etc., etc.  
m 24, 6 p.

**CURIOSIDADES!!**

A las personas de gusto que estan para viajar a Europa o Norte America, se ofrecen en venta, a precios moderados, siendo reemplazados de no much valor una buena y estensa coleccion (unicamente en el pais) de articulos curiosos y raros del

**Paraguay, Bolivia, &c. &c.**

El gran numero de los articulos es demasiado largo para publicar en un aviso de un diario la coleccion entera, por eso se nombran unos pocos de los renglones principales, y son los siguientes:  
Un Tipoi o Camisa de Señora, de lienzo del pais muy bordada de lana negra, y con encajes anclimosos, acompañado con dos collares para adornos.  
Un Paño o Chal de lienzo del Paraguay, muy bordado, con encajes finos, obra muy delicada y de mucho gusto, es superior en su clase.  
Un paño del pais regular.  
Cuatro cortes de encajes para fundas muy a chas y bordadas.  
Un juego de Arcos con flechas, trabajados con mucho esmero por los Indios Paraguayos.  
Dos pares cal-onillas de lienzo del pais, hechura particular, con fleco muy largo.  
Un par de medias muybordadas.  
Seis charros de Asta, tintados colorado, y dos jirres de id, peinetas, &c.  
Tambien hay muchas otras cosas para llamar la atencion del curioso.  
Los interesados pueden ocurrir en los altos, calle Peru, 102, desde las 8 de la mañana hasta las 10, y desde las 3 de la tarde hasta las 6.  
En la misma casa hay habitaciones para hombres solos, y muy a proposito para escritores.  
CALLE PERU, 102, en los altos.

**To the Admirers or Lovers of Antiquity.**

A most commodious SOFA-CAMA with its drawers, beautifully inlaid with Allegorical figures, antique furniture, in first-rate condition, as good as when it was first made, and which probably may be a century ago; also two solid mahogany Card Tables, well preserved.  
Apply at 102 Calle Peru, up stairs.  
**English Painter and Paper-hanger.**  
Parties having such work to be done will please apply to the undersigned. If not at home, they are requested to leave their address on a slate hanging up near the door, when such orders will be immediately attended to.  
ROBERT HANSSON,  
No. 370 Calle Piedad.  
m 22, 1 p

**Wanted**

By a young man, who has had five years' experience of the management of sheep in the Banda Oriental and Entre Rios, Sheep on Shares, or a situation as Manager on a sheep establishment. Satisfactory references as to character and ability.  
Address G. A., office of this paper.  
m 22, 6 p.

**STAYS**

From the smallest to the largest size. Hygienic, French Embroidered. Guaze-paris, and Opera bodices in silk.  
61—CORRIENTES—61.  
m 24 6 p.

**For Sale.**

ON MODERATE TERMS,  
At No. 102, Calle Peru,  
A complete set of Ruled and Blank Account Books, consisting of the following:—

Ledger, Journal, copy-book, Bill-book, (printed) Index, and the auxiliary books required in a counting house of a regular house of business. Also a book case for same, and a good strong Iron Chest, with two keys. There are also several books on book-keeping, calculating Interest &c. &c. as the following, some of which are old and scarce:—"Morison's Book-keeping," "Tables of Interests," by John Thomson, "Mr. Hoppus's Measure greatly enlarged and improved," "The Art of Rigging Ships," "Growth and Manufacture of Silk, and Natural History of the Silk worm" adapted to the different parts of the Union "Letters by Major John Scott" 1783 "Treatise on Watering Meadows," "Instructions in the Italian Tongue," in four parts with two Dictionaries, "The British Packet and Argentine News" from July, 1829 to August 8th, 1835: vol. 3 to 9. "Punch, or the London Charivari" 10 vols. from the year 1840 to 1852, half bound in cloth-paper, "The works of Robert Burns," with many additions, by James Currie M.D., 2 vols 12 mo. bound, "The Sky Lark," a choice selection of Popular Songs, arranged for the Violin, Flute and Voice, 1 vol. 12 mo. bound in cloth-paper, "The Constitution of Man," by George Combe, 1 vol. 18 mo. cloth, "The Politics of Another World," by Mordecai, London. 1837, cloth and many more books too numerous to mention.  
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DANIEL CHAPMAN,  
Teacher of the English and Spanish languages, &c. &c.  
Instructor en los idiomas Castellano y Ingles, etc., etc.  
m 24, 6 p.

**BRUNNEN, BRUNNEN.**

20,000 Dollars Reward.  
The above sum will be paid either for the arrest of the murderer of William Nannery, late of the Partido of Navarro, or for information which may lead thereto. Said reward will be paid by me when the assassin shall be convicted and condemned to death.  
Navarro, March 20, 1864.  
LAURENCE CASEY,  
Estancia Durango.

**Brazil and River Plate Mail.**

This paper, recently established in London, is published fortnightly for transmission by the English and French Mails, for Brazil and the River Plate, the 9th and 23rd of each month. The 'Brazil and River Plate Mail' is especially dedicated to the important commercial interests connected with these parts of South America, and the promoters of this journal look hopefully for the support of all those interested in the prosperity of these countries.  
Subscriptions and applications for Advertisements received in Montevideo, in the 'Sala de Comercio,' or at No. 86 Calle 25 de Mayo; in Buenos Ayres, at the 'Standard' Office.  
The largest  
freshest and  
best assorted stock  
of Groceries,  
Drapery and  
Ironmongery  
will be found at  
**The Hibernian House,**  
64, 66 & 68 CALLE PIEDAD.

**T. o Lancashire Insurance Company.**

The Directors of the Lancashire Insurance Company have appointed Messrs. R. and J. Carlisle and Co. Agents for the Company at Buenos Ayres.  
By order,  
GEORGE STEWART,  
General Manager.  
Manchester, August, 1863.  
The Lancashire Insurance Company.  
Capital—£2,000,000.  
DIRECTORS IN MANAGER.  
John Todd, Esq., Chairman.  
W. H. Drayton, Esq.,  
John Cross, Esq.,  
J. Dalrymple Esq.,  
A. Lewis, Esq., Glasgow,  
W. Patton Esq.,  
James Harcourt, Esq.,  
John Knowles Esq.,  
J. Robinson Esq.,  
C. Holland, Esq.,  
D. Dalrymple, Esq.,  
Thomas W. Esq.,  
Henry Jump, Esq.,  
J. Schellid Mason, Esq.,  
William Pilkington, Esq.,  
Blackburn,  
John Schellid, Esq.,  
N. Shrimman, Esq.,  
J. Smith, Esq., Liverpool,  
James Harcourt, Esq.,  
J. Wagnell, Esq., London,  
J. C. Wagnell, Esq.,  
J. Burton Wood, Esq.,  
J. H. Stott, Esq.,  
J. H. Stott, Esq.,  
The income of the Company is now as under:  
Five per centum upon the sum of £2,000,000  
Life Assurance at 2 interest £250,000  
The Life Assurance fund now exceeds £250,000  
The fund of the Company exceeds £250,000  
Insurances effected on Buildings and their contents at Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and Rosario, on terms as moderate as those of any responsible office.  
Prespectuses and further information may be obtained from  
R. & J. CARLISLE & CO.  
Agents at Buenos Ayres.  
CALLE PIEDAD, No. 108.  
f 19, 1 m

**Wanted**

By a young gentleman, a Furnished Bedroom within six squares of Plaza Victoria. Address X. Y. Z. office this paper.  
m 19, 6 p

**B. PARODY.**

Ready-made Clothing Store,  
51—CANGALLO—51.  
Just received, an extensive assortment of Ready-made Clothing for Men and Children, all ages, for Autumn and Winter.  
O p, m 18

**The Mercantile community**

The house of Rosenthal, Gayen, and Co. has been removed to Calle Reconquista No. 144.  
March 18th, 1864.  
m 20, 6 p

**Notice.**

All Persons indebted to the late firm of Richard Hastings and Co. are hereby requested to call and pay same with the least possible delay.  
RICHARD HASTINGS,  
Defensa, 78.  
m 23, 1 m

**Visiting Governors.**

A Lady who gives lessons in English, French, Italian, Music, Drawing, Needle-work, &c. &c., seeks tutitions in English or Spanish families. Address 'Governess,' at this office. f 25 tm.

**English Grammar School.**

CALLE LARGA DE BARRACAS.  
The Parents of the Pupils of this School are respectfully informed that the Easter Holidays will begin on the 24th inst., and that the day fixed for the resumption of the scholastic duties is the 1st of April.  
The Director,  
P. PONGERARD.

**Belgian Barque President.**

T. H. KRUSE, Master of the Belgian Barque 'President,' arrived from Cardiff on the 19th inst., requests the 'notice of his cargo of Coal to apply to the Belgian Consulate without loss of time, otherwise he will make him responsible for all consequences.



**STEAMSHIP AGENCY**  
AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS  
Wm. A. ...  
30 CANGALLO 30

**FOR PAYSANDU**  
Calling at Paysandú, Pto. Benta, and Copetipon. The National Steamer SALTO.  
Capt. F. F. ...  
Leaves every Tuesday and Saturday at 10 a.m., and returns every Monday and Friday.

**FOR CONCORDIA & SALTO**  
The National Steamer CONCORDIA.  
Leaves Paysandú every Thursday and Friday after the arrival of the Salto, being in combination with this steamer.

**FOR ROSARIO**  
Calling at Zarate, Baradero, San Pedro, Obligado, Las Hornos, and San Nicolas. Voyages by the Pavaon de las Palmas, taking Cargo and Passengers, the National Steamer.

**PAVON**  
Capt. F. ...  
Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

**FOR GUALEGUAY**  
The National Steamer GUALEGUAY.  
Leaves the "Roca de las Nuevas Vueltas" every Friday after the arrival of the Pavaon, and returns each Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

**FOR THE PARANA**  
Sagto Fe, and Intermediate Ports, the Mail Steamer ESPIGADOR.  
Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after the arrival of the Pavaon, and returns every Tuesday in time to hand over Passengers' luggage to the Pavaon, which leaves for Buenos Ayres.

**FOR CORRIENTES**  
Calling at Paraná, La Paz, Osilla de la Esquina, Casilla de Goya, Bella Vista, and Empedrado, the British Steamer CORRIENTES.  
Leaves Rosario in combination with the Pavaon, on Tuesday, March 29, and returns on Friday April 8th.

**FARES:**

To Zarate (cabin)	8 patacones
San Pedro do	8 "
Obligado do	10 "
San Nicolas do	12 "
Gualeguay do	10 "
Rosario do	16 "
San Lorenzo do	18 "
Donante do	20 "
Santa Fé do	24 "
Paraná do	32 "
La Paz do	36 "
La Esquina do	40 "
Goya do	44 "
Bella Vista do	48 "
Empedrado do	52 "
Corrientes do	56 "
Na va Palmira do	60 "
Fray Benito	11 "
Concepcion	13 "
Paysandú	17 "

Deck Half price.

**FRIGHERS:**

To Montevideo per ton	4 dollars
Rosario	6 "
San Nicolas	6 "
Parana	6 "
La Paz	10 "
Bella Vista	10 "
La Esquina	12 "
Goya	12 "
Corrientes	12 "
The Uruguay Ports	10 "

**FOR CUYABA**  
Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Paraná, Corrientes, Asunción, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer MARQUE DE OLINDA.  
Capt. Thibault de S. Belcourt.  
Leaves on the 4th May.

**FARES:**

San Nicolas	10 pata.
Rosario	20 "
Parana	28 "
Corrientes	60 "
Asuncion	80 "
Corumba	142 "

No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

**MONEY ORDERS.**  
Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 62 branches of the

**NATIONAL BANK.**  
Drafts also granted on Messrs. Prescott, Grote & Co., Bankers LONDON.  
And on J. Baines & Co., Bankers LIVERPOOL.

Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 65 calle San Martin (opposite the House).

THOMAS B. HALL.

**DRAFTS AT SIGHT**  
ON THE UNION BANK OF IRELAND.

**IRELAND.**  
ISSUED BY THE LONDON, BUENOS AYRES AND RIVER PLATE BANK.  
Calle de la Piedad No. 60.

A LOS **"ESTANCIEROS."**

**Corrales Portátiles** de Hierro y Madera para Ovejas  
**Corrales Portátiles** de Hierro para Caballos.  
**Corrales Portátiles** de Hierro para hacienda Vacuna  
**Bubederos de Hierro** para Ovejas y Hacienda Vacuna, desde 60\$ vara.  
**Mojonas de Hierro** de todo precio.  
**Cercos de Hierro** para Rodos, Chacras, Potreros, Corrales &c.  
**Piletas de Hierro.**  
**Maquinas** de estirar Alambre.  
**Maquinas** de cortar Abrojos y Cardos.  
**Maquinas** de sacar Agua.

Se venden en la Fábrica de—  
**VAN DE VELDE Hermanos,**  
Buen Orden 245, entre Chile y Méjico.

**THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN CHINA, EARTHENWARE, AND GLASS STORE,**  
57-DEFENSA-57

Just opened to the Public. The largest Stock in town. Earthenware Goods of all descriptions. An immense variety of Glass Goods. English, French, and German China Articles.  
Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets, Coffee Sets.  
Low Prices—Fixed Prices.  
Terms—Cash.  
**WILLIAM FERGUSON AND CO.,**  
57-DEFENSA-57.  
(Corner of Potosí).  
N.B.—The Stock will be shortly increased by arrivals from Europe.

**ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,**  
**ALEX. FULTON & CO.,**  
25 AND 27 DEFENSA 25 AND 27

**SAVINGS BANK**  
**BANK MAU & CO.**  
No. 103 calle de Cangallo. —  
**BUENOS-AYRES.**

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt, and appreciated in the great companies of the Rio de la Plata—Montevideo & Buenos Ayres—that there are very few merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Mau & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working class in that city, a safe, profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of Chiles, artisans, working-men & servants of all classes & conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mau & Co. of this city following the example of their

firm in Montevideo now offer the same facilities in this city and will open on the 1st October a "Savings Bank" at No. 103 calle Cangallo from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. on week days, and on Sundays and holidays from 10 a.m. to 12 m. for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a Pass Book in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited, in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mau & Co. is sufficiently known to the public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles and all eyes directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mau & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

Buenos Ayres September 19th 1863.  
p. p. Mau & Co.  
**WILHELM L. SZIE.**

**NOTICE TO THE LADIES.**  
**ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,**  
61-CORRIENTES-61.

It is respectfully announced that during the next and following months there will be exhibited at this Establishment a vast and magnificent display of AUTUMN and WINTER GOODS, of the most choice, varied, and fashionable description, selected from the London and Paris markets, to which the attention of Ladies is solicited.

**ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,**  
61 CORRIENTES 61

**LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.**

LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.  
Capital Subscribed till 31st Dec., 1863—170,567 pata. in 215 Policies.

**DIRECTORS.**  
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" Jacobo Paravicini  
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" J. A. Fernandez  
" L. B. Wilcke  
" Mariano Gillinghorst  
" Ladislao F. Martinez

**Offices—87 calle SAN MARTIN.**

The PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:  
1st. On one's own life, in shares of \$5 silver each. These subscriptions liquidated at any time at the subscriber's time and option.  
2nd. Without loss of capital by death of the insurer. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and the proportional interest for the death of other shareholders in their Class, whose capital, however is returned.  
3rd. With loss of capital and interest by insurer's death. All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all who die in their Class.  
All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.

The capital of the Company shall be invested only in landed property (Guezo), and with the greatest security.  
The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the affairs of the Company.  
For further particulars, apply at the Co's office 87 calle S. Martin (altos) between the hours of 11—4; prospectuses given on application.

**FERRO-CARRIL DEL NORTE.**  
APERTURA DE LA ESTACION SAN FERNANDO EL DIA 8 DE FEBRERO DE 1864.

Regreso.		Regreso.	
Salida	Salida	Salida	Salida
10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00
17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00
22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00
23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00
24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00
25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00
27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00
28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00
29.00	29.00	29.00	29.00
30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00

**Mensagerias y Corros Nacionales Incendios.**  
127—Calle 25 de Mayo—127.  
All the necessary arrangements having been made, the Empresa has opened an office in this city for the purpose of facilitating operations for the commercial community and the public in general.

In the office will be given tickets for passengers and parcels to any part of the Republic, and there passengers for Chile can take through tickets for Valparaiso and Santiago.

The Diligences start from Rosario for Mendoza, San Juan and Chile, every Tuesday.

From Rosario to Cordoba every Tuesday and Friday.

From Rosario for Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, and Bolivia every Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Empresa.

**Protection from Fire.**  
**PRIZE MEDAL 1862.**  
**BRYANT & MAY'S**  
PATENT SPECIAL SAFETY MATCHES,  
Wax Vestas & Cigar Lights.  
Light only on the Box

**Américan Dentist,**  
**DR. N. O. CORNWALL.**  
Calle Rivadavia, 275.  
Artificial Teeth

Inserted in the neatest and most approved manner, so as to have a beautiful life-like appearance, cause no irritation in the mouth, and serve all the uses of the natural organs.

Tooth-ache promptly relieved and radically cured.

Teeth filled with gold or metallic cements, so as to last for years or for life. Tartar cleaned off teeth, and roots extracted, and all operations performed with the least possible pain.

**Books—Books—Books.**  
Haverty's History of Ireland, and the Abridged Edition of same.  
Kanting's do do.  
Carlen's Willy Rolly. Inquire Within.  
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A new lot of well-bound Catholic Prayer Books including Mission Book, Garden of the Soul, Lamp of Soul, Ursuline Manual Key of Heaven, Catholic Piety, Path to Paradise, imitation of Christ, Daily Exercises, Missals, &c.  
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Imray's, Graham's, and Walsh's Domestic Medicine.  
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Doctor Oatill's Letters and Speeches. Lover's Lyrics of Ireland.  
Above on sale at  
**G. & H. MAC KERN'S,**  
English Stationers and Bookbinders,  
24 CALLE SAN MARTIN.  
(Opposite the Cathedral).

**THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.**  
Established in this City, under a moderate premium, and on the most liberal and advantageous terms.  
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A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions; and of different prices.

**JOHN SHAW,**  
20—Calle Venezuela.

**Rams! Rams! Rams!!!**  
Parties requiring Rams or the best breeds of in excellent condition, can obtain same at reasonable prices by applying at the estancia de Santa Elena del Corral, campo de Pila, partido de Ajó.  
The breeds are Rambouillet crossed with Electrocles, and Rambouillet crossed with first class mestizas.

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CALLE LARGA DE BARRAOS  
Or—Mr. Pongeward, of the London University College.

This Establishment, which from its foundation has been patronized by the principal British families of Buenos Ayres, is an exact reproduction of an English School, where a sound commercial education combined with the acquisition of the French and Spanish languages is imparted to the pupils, and based upon the same system as in all first class European institutions of the kind.

An ever-watchful and constant supervision, and a strict maintenance of order and propriety, are a sufficient guarantee that the morals and behaviour of the pupils are carefully attended to.

The different branches taught in the English Grammar School comprise the English, French and Spanish languages, History, Geography, Arithmetic, and Book-keeping in all its parts, Writing, and Religious Instruction.

Extra branches, such as Latin, Mathematics, German, Music and Drawing, are also taught by special masters.

The situation of the English Grammar School, in one of the most delightful quarters of the Calle Larga de Barraos, at the very gates of the city, is one of the most healthful and picturesque of the environs of Buenos Ayres.

For particulars apply for prospectuses at the Standard Office, Calle Belgrano 74.  
**DR. PONGEWARD.**