

The Standard

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The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

619—THIRD YEAR.

BUENOS AYRES, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1864.

PRICE—TWO DOLLARS

MAUÁ BANK
Calle Cangallo No. 101-102
Interest for the current month...

Maúa Bank
Calle Cangallo Nos. 101 & 102.
The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building...

1st. Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.
2nd. Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

IRAELAND.
Drafts payable at any of the undermentioned branches of the NATIONAL BANK

London, Buenos Ayres and River Plate Bank
80. CALLE DE LA PIEDAD 80.

Camp for 8 Acacia.
To be given in exchange for 4,000 fine sheep a splendid tract of camp situated on the best permanent arroyo of the province...

London, Buenos Ayres and River Plate Bank
80. CALLE DE LA PIEDAD 80.
Capital—£1,000,000 Sterling.

QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
1 Old Broad-st., and 16 Pall-Mall LONDON.

Briton and Medical General
(Incorporated with the Unity General.)
Life Assurance association chief offices West Strand London w.c. Capital 3,000,000.

Good News.
The celebrated South Down Sheep Wash, on Sale at Barry and Walker's.

Now-English Store
SALTO.
Albert Mohr advises the Irish and other foreign residents of the northern camps of Buenos Ayres that he has opened a general house of business at Salto...

Independent Order of Odd Fellows.
MANCHESTER UNITY.
A Branch Lodge (the Flor del Plata, No. 5115) of the above Friendly Society has been established in this city.

La Zingara.
All parties indebted for passage money to the above-mentioned ship, are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage...

American Dentist,
JR. N. O. CORNWALL.
Calle Rivadavia, 275.
Teeth filled with gold or metallic cements, so as to last for years or for life.

GENERAL STRAIGHT AGENCY OFFICE
89—Calle Reconquista—89.
E. D. RISSO.

MEASAGERIAS NACIONALES.
Office Removed to 223—CALLE VICTORIA—223
Leaves for Pillar every day.

Great and Useful Invention.
No more Mortality for want of Water.
Sure wealth to Estancieros

Another advantage is the facility of putting it together and taking it to pieces, so as to be able to transport it to any place where it may be necessary to use it, either for watering purposes or others.

Morano Church.
The editors of the 'Standard' are hereby authorized to collect subscriptions for the above Church, by the Commission.

Wanted.
A man and woman (a married couple preferred) thoroughly competent to take charge of a Dairy Establishment.

Unfailing Cure
for Scab and footrot in Sheep and every kind of disease in horses and other animals.

Royal Hotel.
Passengers by Royal Mail Steamers will find this Hotel very suitable, on landing in England. It is a rendezvous for those going to, or coming from, the Brazils and River Plate.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
19, CORNHILL, LONDON, E.C.
Capital, £2,500,000, fully subscribed.

JOHN G. KEMSLEY,
Public and Official Translator,
140 CALLE PARQUE.

JOHN G. KEMSLEY,
Public and Official Translator,
140 CALLE PARQUE.

On Sale.
One league of good camp situated in the Partido de Azul, distant from the Bridge of Messrs. Terreros 4 1/2 leagues S. S. O. it contains seven puestos, which are included.

Grand Photographic Studio.
Pietro Rainoldi, painter and photographer, has opened his establishment of the fine arts, at 74 calle Belgrano.

Book-keeper.
A good book-keeper wants a situation, he speaks and writes Spanish fluently, good recommendations. Address by letter JAMES office of the Standard.

Colegio Anglo-Porteño,
205—MAIPU—205.
After the 1st of January 1864, only a limited number of pupils can be admitted into this school, and no boys beyond the age of 7 years.

NOTICE.
All persons indebted for their passage, by the following vessels, viz.—'The William Piele,' 'John Robertson,' 'Philomel,' 'Dahli,' 'Anne Wilson,' 'Cosmopolitan,' 'Francis Carril,' 'Pella Portena,' 'Liora,' 'Countess of Durham,' 'Gauntlet,' 'Matrona,' 'Rosario,' 'Hugh,' 'Waterwitch,' 'Hollywood,' 'South Esk,' 'Agnes,' 'Rosalie,' and 'Evangelist,' are requested to call at my Office and pay the same, otherwise immediate proceedings will be taken against them.

DR. P. BOURSE,
American Surgeon Dentist,
No. 101 CALLE ITUZAINGO, Montevideo.

THE NORTH ASSURANCE
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.
Established 1809.
Capital £2,000,000

Lost.
In the first lane on the left hand side of the Calle Largo, that goes to the Recoleta, a Book on book-keeping by a North American author.

Lawyers Office.
Dr. Navarro Viola advises his clients that he has removed his office to calle de Maipu, No. 14. Hours of business are from 11 a.m. till 4 p.m.

Parties wishing to secure passages for persons, on board the Zingara on her next voyage from Liverpool to Buenos Ayres, or to give proper guarantees for the payment thereof at stipulated periods, can do so by applying to the undersigned GONZALE W. WILSON, Calle Mayo No. 7, or to Captain Brooks the master of the vessel.

Married Couple.
Wanted an industrious man and wife foreigners preferred, to go on an English estancia, near a port on the river Uruguay. Wages an ounce and a half monthly. The man must know how to cook.

Medianeros.
Wanted three for an estancia on the highest ground in the province: house and corral will be given. Also sheep for sale. Apply between 11 and 12 a.m. at 107 calle Moreno.

Horse shoers.
Wanted two horse-shoers. Good wages for good workmen. Apply at 54 Calle Corrientes.

To young men just arrived.
An American just arrived from the interior who is about to start for the upper provinces is anxious to meet some adventurous young men, with small capital preferred, to join him in the cedar wood and mining speculations. Apply Hotel de Europa.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.
ALEX. FULFON & CO.
25 & 27—Calle Defensa 25 & 27.
Always on hand, an assortment of goods, suitable for town and country, at moderate prices.

Bills of Exchange on Lon. cu.
For amounts as required, Can be obtained from HENRY N. HART, 33 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

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Subscription to the Standard

\$30 per month. Advertisements. Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for \$5.

To Correspondents

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer.

The Standard

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1884.

Inauguration of the Merlo Church

On Sunday last, the little village of Merlo was the scene of one of those festivities which sometimes mark an epoch in the history of a new locality.

The 8 o'clock train from the Western railway terminus conveyed Governor Saavedra, the ministers of the Provincial cabinet, Drs. Acosta and Dominguez, Sr. Haedo, V. Rev. A. D. Fahey, Rev. Drs. Romero and Garcia, and 160 other persons going to assist at the function.

The new church is a chaste Gothic structure with a graceful spire which rises about 60 feet. The site is well-chosen, being central and commanding a view of the country for leagues around.

As Mass was to begin at 11 o'clock, we had time to partake of the hospitable board provided by the Municipality.

Refreshments being disposed in the schoolroom, the Governor and other guests proceeded thither. The heat of the day was excessive and a blinding dust yet more intolerable.

By way of parenthesis we may state that D. Juan Dillon is represented by the Irish farmers to be a model justice; we also understand that among the many liberal foreign donations towards the church, one or two figured as high as \$5,000 mje.

The Governor and party returned to town by the 3.30 train, but several others remained, as it was announced that two halls would be given at night, in the school-room and at Sor Rodriguez.

Merlo is decidedly progressing, and has now received fresh impetus, which will soon make it a favorite place for country houses.

Tobacco in Paraguarí

Asunción, Jan. 6th, 1884. Hitherto this branch of agriculture was regarded as the great staple of the republic, and although it yields to cotton in the returns for 1883, a much larger plantation has been laid down this year than ever before.

The tobacco most esteemed seems to be of the kinds known as Canela and Pará. The former is so called from its resemblance to cinnamon (canela) in color, and does not come from any particular district, being picked out by the 'acopiador' from various lots.

I have heard repeated complaints of the folly of Paraguayans in suffering this staple to fall into disfavor by neglect, in the process of curing, and frauds in baling. My ignorance of agriculture and short stay will not permit me to give full details of the method of cultivation.

During winter, the natives do no more than prepare the ground, putting down the young plants usually in September or October. They are planted like cabbage in England, and after two months transplanted: if heavy rain falls in the interval it is rather injurious.

The tobacco plantations present a very pleasing appearance before fully ripe, the tall stalks and large green leaves alternating with the mandioca or bright yellow cotton-flowers. The natives, besides raising sufficient quantities for home consumption—for men and women all smoke—count upon a ready and profitable return in exporting to England.

There are no cigar-shops in Asunción, but wholesale merchants have wide spread connexion with the 'acopiadores,' and are usually polite enough to prepare for the visitor any quantity he may require.

EDITOR'S TABLE

The news from the camps is as bad as ever. Twenty thousand sheep from an American estancia near the Fortín were driven off towards Rojas last Thursday, thirty thousand from an Irish estancia in the same partido are also on the road, in fact every one is migrating.

Owing to the fact that the farmers have been obliged to move off with their sheep without almost time to do anything, several houses have been shut up, with wool in them. We regret to hear that a regular system of burglary and arson is being carried on.

The heat—never before was there experienced such terrific heat in Buenos Ayres. Yesterday was a scorching day. Not a soul could attempt to walk the streets during the day. Towards evening the half stifled citizens strolled towards the mole, which was literally black with people.

To-day being the feast of the Purification, a number of people will avail themselves of the holiday, and San Fernando will probably be the favorite rendezvous. It is thought to-morrow will be declared a civic holiday, but we have not yet seen the decree of the National Government.

In another column is the notice of a 3rd call (25 p. 5) of the San Juan Mining shares. This enterprise is viewed with favor, and we join in the general belief that it will prove the best speculation ever got up in this country.

It is the duty of all citizens to expose the abuses and negligences of the police, as much to clear the character and sustain the proper dignity of the nation before foreigners, as to prevent greater evils from accruing to the people.

What kind of a life must a citizen lead who is in momentary danger of attack upon his person or house? In one of the late instances of abuse on the part of the police authorities, a child, a woman, and two men, have been wounded by the myrmidons of the law.

An English grocery has just been opened at Cincominas, a second, belonging to a Scotch firm, will soon be started there. Several Englishmen are looking for quintas, and meditate building country houses near the Lomas de Zamorra. This is a foretaste of what we may expect from the G. Southern Railway.

Dr. Arzo, the Bolivian plenipotentiary to Paraguay and La Plata, arrived by last packet from Asunción. We understand he has been very successful with Pres. Lopez, for the navigation of the Pilcomayo, and it is likely he will have the same good fortune with Gen. Mitre, touching the Rio Vermejo.

CHILE

By last accounts from Valparaiso, everything seems very quiet: even that generally exciting topic, politics, is as dull as ditch water. The Minister of the Interior had had a long interview with the Bolivian Plenipotentiary.

The country is also, like ourselves, suffering from the long, severe drought. The harvest has commenced unusually early, but, from all appearances, although not so abundant as in former years, the quality of wheat will be much superior.

But one may as well whistle jigs to a milestone as point out to the authorities of this country the truth of the saying, of 'precaution being better than cure.'

JOE MILLER WASHED OUT

The most valuable print of the River Plate at present, is the 'Mosquito.' Its professed object is to provide the inhabitants with side-splitting jokes, but its gain is furnishing to its readers a set of pictorial riddles, such as we suppose, may have been propounded by the Sphinx.

We also suggest the propriety of explaining these said jokes for the benefit of readers (if it have any). So the artist wrote under a sketch, to prevent misunderstanding, 'this is a horse's' so might the waspish 'Mosquito' write, 'this is a joke! This is Mitre—laugh! and so on.

THE POLICE

It is the duty of all citizens to expose the abuses and negligences of the police, as much to clear the character and sustain the proper dignity of the nation before foreigners, as to prevent greater evils from accruing to the people.

That liberty which places us in the power of evil-doers, or leaves us exposed to brutal treatment at the hands of officials, is criminal.

After corroborating, in every respect, our article, he proceeds to fulminate against the greater age of man than what is generally allowed. He says 'bones of man may be found at great depths, but the old book says something about a flood. Notice too that where the bones of man have been found at great depths, have usually been in countries more or less subject to earthquakes and we only have to remember the opening and closing of chasms in the earth in Mendoza, to understand how men and flint implements may have been swallowed deep into the bowels of the earth.'

The writer probably has forgotten, or perhaps may not know that earthquakes generally take place in rocky and not in level countries, and that the Abbeville fossil was found in sedimentary deposits evidently undisturbed for ages. We also think that the idea of an universal flood is exploded; that divines and geologists such as Pyc Smith, Hitchcock, Lyell, Darwin, and others believe it was only partial, and it evidently was only partial.

In England, Ireland, and the United States, one single policeman can hold

in check the ringleader of a mob, but he has no power to hurt a hair of his head, unless the culprit make resistance. The police should instil more respect than fear into the populace. We may mention a noteworthy action, illustrative of this.

During the discussion in the National Congress of the Budget, Don Adolfo Alsina, in addressing the Government on this branch of the administration, said, 'it is a disgrace to the country, the class of men who constitute the body of 'vigilantes,' and men who cannot be respected. It is necessary to reform that body, and look out, in their stead, for men of respectability and judgment, even although it cost hundreds of thousands of dollars for the state of our society, and the exigencies of the service, demand a proper police.' If Sr. Cazon hopes to counteract the evil occasioned by his having bad subordinates, by authorising such conduct as we denounce, he will find himself mistaken, and lay himself open to the demand of the people to have him removed.

The police requires that its superiors should be men of talent and long experience in this branch of the service, and that its management be not placed in inexperienced or feeble hands, but that confidence be reposed in people who would sacrifice their personal affairs and character to the public good.

HOW OLD ARE WE?

Having seen a note from your pen in last Friday's paper, in which you state that our paper had received a frightful cutting up, we naturally read and re-read the article signed by N. E. We only find it a corroboration instead of a refutation of our views, and we really cannot see why N. E. occupied so much of your journal in so doing.

We would like the anonymous correspondent to be a little more exact in his quotations, as he takes care to cite a part to suit his purpose leaving another portion, which fully explains the subject, out of sight. At the same time we would request him not to be a blind believer in all that he sees written. As for sceptics and scepticism, these are words that have a certain significance according to the year we live in. Fifty years ago, a man who would have published the very same ideas that N. E. writes about to (refute) my paper, would have been considered an Atheist, a man not fit to associate with, for fear of contamination. At the present day these ideas are gaining ground, and before long will become general. So will it be about the length of time that man has existed on the earth. To proceed, we find ourselves obliged to cite the first part of our article, so that it may be better understood. 'The greater portion of mankind believe that the world was created some six thousand years ago, and give as their basis of opinion the first chapter of Genesis, which says that it was formed in six days, and their chronology makes out that this happened just six thousand and odd hundred years ago.'

The part he has left out is this: 'If we read attentively the biblical history of the six day's work we find that they coincide with the geological formation of the earth, if we accept the days as periods of more or less duration. Taken in this sense we find the Bible and science corresponding, but if we take the narration literally they are completely at variance.'

N. E. proceeds to what he considers a refutation of this part, but he fails, as instead of refuting he exactly corroborates what we said. He talks a good deal about sceptics, but then that is usually the case with persons who cannot sustain an argument, so we let that pass.

He insinuates that we said the Bible did not tell the truth; any person who reads the above paragraph will find that such is not the case, but that we try to make the Bible and Science correspond. We find in this article something we think that is not generally known; that is, that Moses was a geologist. This is certainly a great discovery.

After corroborating, in every respect, our article, he proceeds to fulminate against the greater age of man than what is generally allowed. He says 'bones of man may be found at great depths, but the old book says something about a flood. Notice too that where the bones of man have been found at great depths, have usually been in countries more or less subject to earthquakes and we only have to remember the opening and closing of chasms in the earth in Mendoza, to understand how men and flint implements may have been swallowed deep into the bowels of the earth.'

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As N. E. cites the Bible very often, we will take the same liberty to prove our ideas. We will analyse part of the fourth chapter of Genesis. It says that

Eve bore unto Adam two sons, Cain and Abel, and that Cain killed Abel, and when the Lord cursed Cain for his sin, Cain said, 'Behold thou hast driven me out this day from the face of the earth, and from thy face shall I be hid, and I shall be a fugitive and a vagabond in the earth, and it shall come to pass that every one that findeth me shall slay me. And the Lord said unto him, Therefore whosoever slayeth Cain vengeance shall be taken on him sevenfold. And the Lord set a mark upon Cain, lest any finding him should kill him. All this happened before Eve bore any more children.'

What does this indicate? The verses are very clear, and it is very evident that Cain knew of the existence of other men besides Adam and himself, otherwise he would not have been afraid of being killed. Therefore, the Bible indicates the pre-existence of man before Adam.

As for Egypt being the last place to look for proofs of the world's age, we are not quite so sceptical as N. E.; to us it is the same whether scientific truths come from Egypt or from the land of the Hotentots. (By the way, does N. E. believe a Hotentot to be of the same race as he is, and of a common father Noah?)

As for his quotation of Isaiah xi. 15, of the tongue of the Egyptian sea being destroyed, &c., we do not require prophecies for that. Natural causes are sufficient, and are doing their work, as we see by deltas of the Mississippi, Rio de la Plata, Nile, and other great rivers. Possibly in some future age it may be dry land where now there are deep rivers. Almost everything is fisible.

N. E. says that men whose fame is world-wide, such as Hitchcock, Chambers, Comstock, and others, all bear testimony to the fact that 'at the present day no practical geologist maintains that any human remains have been found below diluvium;' or, in other words, not more than four thousand years old.

It is very evident that N. E. knows very little about geology, or he would not make such a great mistake as he does in this last paragraph. Diluvium, at the present day, means appertaining to the 'drift' period. Hitchcock, one of the authors he quotes, says that the word 'drift' is preferable, and is therefore used. As for any geologist trying to make out that the drift period only commenced since the flood, or 4,000 years ago, none have done so yet—neither Hitchcock, Miller, Lyell, Murchison, De la Beche, or any other of note.

It is very true that no human remains have been found below the diluvium, or drift deposit, but this does not necessarily make out that this formation is only four thousand years old. It may be twenty thousand or more for what we know.

If my memory fails not, Agassiz, who is no mean authority, found in the peninsula of Florida, which has been principally formed by the coral insect several human bones so imbedded in the coral, that if the insect has always worked at the same rate, it would have taken 35,000 years to cover them. Other human bones have been found in caverns with the bones of extinct animals, such as cave bears, &c., not at the same time with flint implements. The last discovery has been that of Abbeville; others will undoubtedly follow. Let geologists examine Asia, &c., and probably much will yet be discovered.

To conclude, I think N. E. had better make use of his knowledge of the Bible than make use of such irrelevant quotations as that of Adam stealing apples. The Bible I have read says, that Eve was tempted by the serpent to take of the forbidden fruit, and that she afterwards gave a piece of it to Adam. Perhaps N. E.'s version of the Pentateuch renders it as he says. If so, he had better leave off quoting.

Excuse the length. I remain yours, CH. MURRAY.

Jan. 30, 1884. Forms of the Scotch Church. To the Editors of the 'Standard.'

Gentlemen, In a Scotch newspaper received by last mail, I observe an account of a lecture given by the Rev. James Cochran, first minister of Coppar Fife (Established Church), descriptive of his experiences during a recent tour in England, in which is the following passage:—'In one of the Dissenting Churches of Derby he officiated himself. The service was much the same as in Scotland, with this difference only, that they stood while singing, and knelt at prayer, which he thought was a decided improvement (cheers). Then are we to put the organ introduced? That was almost the only innovation he would like to have.'

It will be observed from the above that on Mr Cochran saying that 'standing while singing and kneeling at prayer, he thought a decided improvement,' his hearers received the announcement with applause. In many of the Scotch congregations at home there now appears to be a strong feeling in favour of an alteration in the forms of public worship.

Your insertion of these few lines in the 'Standard' will oblige, Gentlemen, your obt. servant, S. P.

MARITIME NEWS

Fires at Sea.—The Swedish schooner 'Rapid' had arrived at Rio Grande de Sud, having on board the captain and 6 of the crew of the British barque 'Cassange'...

Amongst pieces of timber, &c. marked 'Columbus,' which have been picked up on the coast of Brazil...

The 'Zevalauw,' from Amsterdam to Buenos Ayres, was lost on the 9th December, and it is supposed that the crew has perished.

The 'Regina del Mar,' which sailed on the 26th November, has returned from the latitude of Holyhead, dismantled.

The 'Thorbecke,' from Hamburg, for Buenos Ayres, had put back to that port with the loss of the captain (Schneider), sails, and other damages.

The Italian barque 'Sicilia,' from Genoa, for Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, and Valparaiso, has been totally lost near the Isla de Boa Vista, Cape de Verd.

The 'Elena,' from Hamburg, for Rio Grande, put back into that port with loss of foremast, sails, and other damages.

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box this winter against all the phisic in Great Ormond street, for it is of the kind that goes right to the child's heart.

THE AMERICAN WAR.

General Joe Johnston has assumed permanent command of Bragg's army, and General Polk has been appointed to the south western department of Mississippi, with headquarters at Brandon.

The merchant ship 'Chesapeake,' plying between Portland and New York, seized by Confederate passenger, was valued at \$180,000.

An extensive fire occurred at New York to-day, involving a loss of half-a-million of dollars.

It is rumoured that Lee's whole army is on the north side of the Rapidan, and it was believed that a portion of Longstreet's army has re-crossed it.

Francis have been discovered in the Quartermaster's Department at Alexandria, involving a sum of \$100,000.

Gen. Sherman's advances arrived at Knoxville on the 3rd, and this evidently accelerated Longstreet's retreat.

The Russian government have purchased a number of Bray's traction engines for the transmission of heavy ordnance from St. Petersburg for the coast stations.

Will you come and talk in Paris? said the spider to the flies.

Of the little points at issue that may happen to arise.

Pray come in simple confidence, and lay aside all fears.

To discuss, in perfect amity, political ideas.

Said the flies, "We thank you kindly you are really so polite.

That we fear you see some greenness in the organs of our sight.

If you'd let us see, in the programme, neither will, and yet more nil.

Guilia, Cadiz; Jane, Milford; Johan, Queenstown; John Hunter, Greenwich; Mogendic, Cardiff; Maria, Cotto; Maria Johanna, Cadiz; Mendelli, Bordeaux; Ocean Steer, Cardiff; Poalino, Cadiz; Parana, Clyde; St. Lube, Nantes; Sineto, Deal; Star, Cadiz; Texian, Cadiz; Tre Soralle, Cadiz.

Vessels Loading. In Haere: St. Francois, B Ayres; Laurence, B Ayres; Buffon, Mont.

In Bordeaux: Theresa, B Ayres; Gertruda Jacoba, B Ayres; Williamson, B Ayres; Australia, B Ayres; Neptune, B Ayres; Coriolan, Mont and B Ayres; Singapore, Mont and B Ayres; Rend d'Anjou, Mont; Jean Victor, Mont.

In Marseilles: San Giuseppe, B Ayres; Ros, Mont.

In Hamburg: Helvetia, Belgiaersch, Mont, B Ayres; Louisa, Hannoverian sch. Mont, B Ayres.

In Liverpool: Robert Clough, B Ayres; Elfin, B Ayres; Braganza, B Ayres; Semiramis, B Ayres; Eleonora, B Ayres; Dauntless, Mont and B Ayres; Don Diego, Mont and B Ayres; Mary Storck, Mont.

In London: Maria Sophia, B Ayres; Patriotess, B Ayres; Moor of Venice, Mont; Catherine, Mont and B Ayres.

In Glasgow: America, B Ayres; Lizzio, Mont; Osborn and Elizabeth, Mont.

A subscriber writes to a Western editor—"I don't want your paper any longer."

A BOAST WORTHY OF JOHN BULL.—A new pavement has been laid down in Trafalgar-square by a French company.

THE CHAWLEY COURT-MARTIAL.—The public proceedings of the Court martial on Colonel Chawley closed 18 Dec.

THE ALLOWED FEDERAL ENLISTMENTS AT CORK.—QUEENSTOWN. The citizens Keenage is again off the harbour.

FOR NEW ZEALAND.—The ill-fated steamer Walpara, only 47 tons, Berthwick, master, last from Belfast, sailed on Sunday for New Zealand, 6,000 miles.

A telegram in the Daily News says—"The Prince of Augustenburg is expected to enter Altona at the head of 36,000 volunteers."

Some of our contemporaries make jocular remarks and sly hits at the Platonic character of the lady who lately left Mr. Disraeli 40,000.

Goldenith, Hogan, Barry and so many other eminent men. The high repute and literary titles of the principal are a good augury.

EXTRAORDINARY OCEAN STEAMING.—The late extraordinary passage of the City of New York, Captain Kennedy, has created quite a sensation in nautical circles.

Visitors.—Three gentlemen who arrived on Saturday from New York paid us a visit: they represent the Empire city as having "gone ahead" more during the war than at any other period.

Liver Pla's Magazine.—The number for February will appear some day this week, its publication being delayed two or three days from difficulties incidental to such new enterprises.

The Northern Railway.—In referring to the late fatal accident on this railway, the 'Tribuna' says that this railway is our misfortune.

French Squadron for Mexico.—This has lately arrived in Rio de Janeiro the French frigate 'Victoire'.

GRIBALDI.—The Italians of Montevideo have subscribed 263 patacons to buy fire-arms for Garibaldi.

FALL OF ROSAS.—To-morrow has been decreed a civic holiday by the Provincial Government.

WESTERN RAILWAY.—Mr. Thomas Allen and some friends made an excursion yesterday as far as Posta Provincial, 5 miles beyond Moreno.

NEW CARRIAGES.—The first class waggons on the Western line are really a credit to B. Ayres.

SIX LOCOMOTIVES.—The Liverpool steamer Salado has on board six engines for the Western railway.

IRISH COLLEGE.—We are happy to learn that Dr. Fitzsimons' establishment at San Jose de Flores is progressing.

JUST LANDED, OR JOAN TAYLOR, FROM GLASGOW.—A Lot of Perth Pearl Barley, in Tins, in superior condition.

URIE and MUIR, 102, Calle Defensa, F. & Sp.

URGENT.—A Lot of Perth Pearl Barley, in Tins, in superior condition.

ON CHANGE. February 1. Total sales, 129,400 patacons.

PRODUCE SALES. 70 cow hides, dry \$110; 1200 arr. wool, merino, fine 102.

CHARTER. British brig, 'Maiden's Bower,' to load here salted hides for orders, 50s. and 5 per cent.

A large lot of jerked beef was sold on Saturday, at the low rate of 16 rs.

Lighterage is becoming a source of serious trouble to the mercantile body.

The situation of the English Grammar School, in one of the most beautiful quarters of the Calle Largo de Barracas.

Notice. J. S. WYLLIE and CO. beg to inform the inhabitants of Chascomus and surrounding districts.

MARRIED. On the 30th January, by the Rev. A. D. Fahey, Maria Helena, eldest daughter of Dr. Conyngham.

COLON THEATRE. ITALIAN OPERA Wednesday 3rd February UN BALLO IN MASCHERA.

Polytechnic Institute VICTORIA, No. 197. Director—RAOUL LESBOUR.

RUENOS AYRES GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY. 'TENDERS' for the construction of the Earthworks upon the First Section.

For an Estancia. Wanted a young woman either married or single to go out on an Irish Estancia.

Wanted. Wanted a good plain Cook. Apply at 474 Piedad.

To Grocers. A beautiful site for the establishment of a new Grocery.

Wanted. A situation as House-Boon, by an Irish man; he can also take charge of horses and can drive well.

For Asuncion and Intermediate ports. The Paraguay steamer, PARAGUARI, Commander E. ROBLES.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL, CALLE LARGA DE BARRACAS. This Establishment, which from its foundation has been patronized by the principal British families of Buenos Ayres.

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STEAMBOAT AGENCY
AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS
W.M. FULTON & CO.
30 CANGALLO 30

FOR PAYSAUNDU
Calling at Nueva Palmira, Fiey Benta and Concepcion, the National Steamer **SALTO**
Captain F. Fildes
Leaves every Tuesday and Saturday at 10 a.m., and returns every Monday and Friday.

FOR CONCORDIA & SALTO
The National Steamer **CONCORDIA**
Leaves Paysandu every Wednesday and Sunday after the arrival of the 'Salto', being in combination with this steamer.

FOR ROSARIO
Calling at Zarate, Rosario, San Pedro Obligado, Las Hermanas, and San Nicolas Voyage by the 'Parana' de las Palmas take a Cargo and Passengers, the National Steamer

PAVON
Captain Price
Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

FOR GUALEGUAY
The National Steamer **LOI ORCITAS**
Captain D. Linklater
Leaves this 'Boca de las Nuevas Vuelas' every Friday after the arrival of the Pavon, and returns each Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave here every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

FOR THE PARANA
Santa Fe, and intermediate Ports, the Mail Steamer **ESPIGADOR**
Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after arrival of the Pavon and returns every Tuesday in time to hand over Passengers' luggage to the Pavon, which leaves for Buenos Ayres.

FOR CORRIENTES
Calling at Parana, La Paz, Cañilla de la Esquina, Cañilla de Guaya, Bella Vista, and Empedrado, the British Steamer **EMERALDA**
Leaves Rosario in combination with the Pavon, on Tuesday, January 19, and returns on Friday, January 29.

FARES:

To Montevideo (cabita)	8 patacones
Zarate do	4 "
San Pedro do	6 "
Obligado do	10 "
San Nicolas do	12 "
Rosario do	16 "
San Lorenzo do	18 "
Diamante do	20 "
Santa Fe do	24 "
Pozans do	28 "
La Paz do	32 "
La Esquina do	36 "
Goya do	40 "
Bella Vista do	44 "
Empedrado do	48 "
Corrientes do	52 "
Gualeguaychi do	56 "
Concepcion do	60 "
Concordia do	64 "

Deck Half-price.

FRIGHTS:

To Montevideo, per ton	4 dollars
Rosario	6 "
San Nicolas	6 "
Parana	6 "
La Paz	10 "
Bella Vista	10 "
La Esquina	10 "
Goya	12 "
Corrientes	12 "
The Uruguay Ports	10 "

FOR CUYARA
Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Parana, Corrientes, Asuncion, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer **MAQUES DE OLINDA**
Captain Thipolito de S. Bethencourt
Leaves on the 4th February.

FARES:

San Nicolas	10 pata.
Rosario	20 "
Parana	28 "
Corrientes	60 "
Asuncion	80 "
Columbia	142 "

No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
ALEX. FULTON & CO.,
25 AND 27 DEFENSA 25 AND 27

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT
OF
BUENOS AYRES,
49 & 51 CALLE DEFENSA.
PATRICK GALBRAITH,
Successor to WILLIAM GIBSON,

Begs to intimate that he has just received an immense variety of New Goods, expressly to supply the wants of Camp purchasers, consisting of
Men's and Youths' Mole-skin and Cord Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Windsor Cord Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Doe and Tweed Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Doe and Tweed Jackets and Vests,
Men's Pilot Jackets and Tweed Suits,
Men's best Jean Stripe Shirts and Shirting Stripe,
Men's and Youths' White, Dress, and Regatta Shirts,
Men's and Youths' Crimean Shirts (all qualities)
Drab and White Mole-skin and Corduroy (best quality)
Bedford-Cords, Scotch and English Tweeds,
Blankets, Flannels, Plaidings, Stripe Druggets,
Serges, Aberdeen Wincies and Wincey Petticoats,
Black and White Watered Moreen, Challis, Beges,
Alpacas, Mohairs, Coburgs, English and French Merinos,
Linen Checks, Derries, Prints, and Grey Cottons,
Superior White Shirtings, Sheetings, and Towellings,
Linen, Diapers, Brown Hollands, Cotton and Linen Tick,
Damas and Victoria Table Covers, Wool Plaids (various Clans),
Wool Handkerchiefs, Shawls, Plaids, and Lace Squares,
Ladies' and Misses' Cotton, Merino, and L. W. Hose,
Men's and Youths' Cotton, Merino, and L. W. Half-hose and Hose,
Men's Aberdeen Knit Ribbed Half-hose and Hose,
Smallwares of every description, best quality.
As fresh supplies will be received monthly, per steamer, parties may at all times rely on having an unequalled assortment to select from, of the newest Goods, at lowest possible cash price.
49 & 51-CALLE DEFENSA-49 & 51

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.

DIRECTORS.
D. Miguel Azcuena, President
" Bernabé Ocampo, Vice-President
" Antonio Marcó del Pont
" Jacobo Paravicini
" Constant Santamaría

OFFICIALS.
D. Antonio Garcia y Garcia, Manager
" Eusebio Riestra, Sub Manager
" Juan Casado, Secretary.

The want has long been felt of an establishment wherein the frugal and laborious citizen might deposit his savings, so as to incur no risk, and reap at the same time a good return.
This institution is calculated to answer such a purpose extending the benefits of the establishment to even the humblest classes.
Public attention is, therefore, specially called to the manner of subscriptions, and the investment of funds, according to the rules of the association.
The PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:
1st. On one's own life, in sums of \$5 silver each. These subscriptions liquidated at any time, at the subscriber's time and option.
2nd. Without loss of capital by death of the insurer. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and the proportional interest forfeited by the death of other shareholders in their Class, whose capital, however is returned.
3rd. With loss of capital and interest by insurer's death. All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all who die in their Class.
All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.
The capital of this Company shall be invested only in landed property (finca), and with the greatest security.
The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company.
For further particulars, apply at the Co's office S7 calle S. Martin (altos) between the houses of 11 - 4; prospectus given on application.

SAVINGS BANK.

BANK MAUÁ & C^o
No. 103 calle de Cangallo. —
BUENOS-AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt, and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate—Montevideo & Buenos Ayres—that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the Bank in which they place two most confidence.
The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working class in that city, a safe & profitable depository for their savings.
The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing and already reach a very large amount.
These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of Clerks, artisans, working-men & servants of all classes & conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries and other frivolities.
The Bank of Mauá and Co. of this city following the example of their Buenos Ayres September 19th 1863.

p. p. Mauá & Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE.
CONDITIONS.
1st. The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty five dollars currency or one silver dollar upwards.
2nd. The interest allowed is six per cent (6 p. c.) per annum which is liquidated every six months.
3rd. The depositor can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.
4th. Once the amount deposited exceeds Twenty five thousand dollars currency or one thousand dollars silver the depositor if he wishes can open an account current according to the rates established by the Bank.
5th. In case the depositor loses his Pass Book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

FERRO CARRIL DEL NORTE.
Desde el Lunes 11 de Enero de 1864 y hasta nuevo aviso, los trenes saldrán como sigue:

DIAS FERIADOS

Salida.				Regreso.			
TREN	HORA	PARANDO EN	LLEGANDO A	TREN	HORA	PARANDO EN	LLEGANDO A
1	Ordea, 8 30 de la man.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	1	Ordea, 8 30 de la man.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
2	Ordea, 11 30 de la man.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	2	Ordea, 11 30 de la man.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
3	Ordea, 2 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	3	Ordea, 2 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
4	Ordea, 5 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	4	Ordea, 5 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
5	Ordea, 8 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	5	Ordea, 8 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
6	Ordea, 11 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	6	Ordea, 11 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
7	Ordea, 2 30 de la noche.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	7	Ordea, 2 30 de la noche.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado

DIAS DE TRABAJO

Salida.				Regreso.			
TREN	HORA	PARANDO EN	LLEGANDO A	TREN	HORA	PARANDO EN	LLEGANDO A
1	Ordea, 8 30 de la man.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	1	Ordea, 8 30 de la man.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
2	Ordea, 11 30 de la man.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	2	Ordea, 11 30 de la man.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
3	Ordea, 2 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	3	Ordea, 2 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
4	Ordea, 5 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	4	Ordea, 5 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
5	Ordea, 8 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	5	Ordea, 8 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
6	Ordea, 11 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	6	Ordea, 11 30 de la tarde.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado
7	Ordea, 2 30 de la noche.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado	7	Ordea, 2 30 de la noche.	San Pedro Obligado	San Pedro Obligado

THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN

CHINA, EARTHENWARE, AND GLASS STORE,
57-DEFENSA-57
Just opened to the Public. The largest Stock in town. Earthenware Goods of all descriptions. An immense variety of Glass Goods. English, French, and German China Articles.
Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets, Coffee Sets.
Low Prices—Fixed Prices.
Terms—Cash.

WILLIAM FERGUSON AND CO.,
57-DEFENSA-57.
(Corner of Potosi.)
N.B.—The Stock will be shortly increased by arrivals from Europe.

ALMANACK.

Agricultural, Industrial, and Literary Almanack for the Argentine Republic and Buenos Ayres,
FOR
1864.

This is decidedly one of the best Spanish Almanacks published in Buenos Ayres, and has selections from the most distinguished literary characters in the River Plate.
It contains also a deal of Commercial and Administrative Intelligence, which will be found of the very greatest importance.
Price \$25.
On Sale at Mr. MORTA'S Book Store, in front of the College Church, and in nearly all the Booksellers' in the City.
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ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
61 CORRIENTES 61

An immense Stock of Goods adapted for every season suitable for both Town and Country buyers
UNEQUALLED IN EXTENT AND VARIETY.
Fresh supplies received by every steamer.
61 CORRIENTES 61.
ESTABLISHED 1861.

STRENGTH AND DURABILITY

THE NEW CAMP RAZOR
OR MACHINE FOR
CUTTING THISTLES AND ABROJOS,
Moveable cor-Is, tras-corraits, chiqueros,
LAND MARKS,
IRON WIRE FENCES, FOR ROBEOS, POTREROS, &c.
Endless Iron Troughs, for Sheep and Cattle,
IRON TANKS, particularly arranged for easy conveyance.
245-calle BUEN ORDEN-245.

MONEY ORDERS.

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 82 branches of the
NATIONAL BANK.
Drafts are also granted on Messrs. Prescott, Grot & Co, Bankers LONDON.
And on J. Borne & Co, Banker LIVERPOOL.
Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 65 calle San Martin (opposite the Bolea).
THOMAS B. HALL,

DRAFTS AT SIGHT ON THE UNION BANK OF IRELAND.

ISSUED BY THE
LONDON, BUENOS AYRES AND RIVER PLATE BANK.
Calle de la Piedad No. 80.
Lanes! Rams!! Rams!!!
Parties requiring Rams of the best breeds and in excellent condition, can obtain same at reasonable prices by applying at the estancia de Santa Blana del Corralito, campo de Pila, partido de Ajo.
The breeds are Rambouillet crossed with Electoral, and Rambouillet crossed with first class Jacobines.

THE IRISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT

BUENOS AYRES,
THOMAS FALLON,
HERMAN HOUSE,
68 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD,
(Between San Martin and Reconquista.)

ENGLISH SADDLERY

AND
HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT
86-Piedad-86.
Suffern Bros.

THE IRISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT
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